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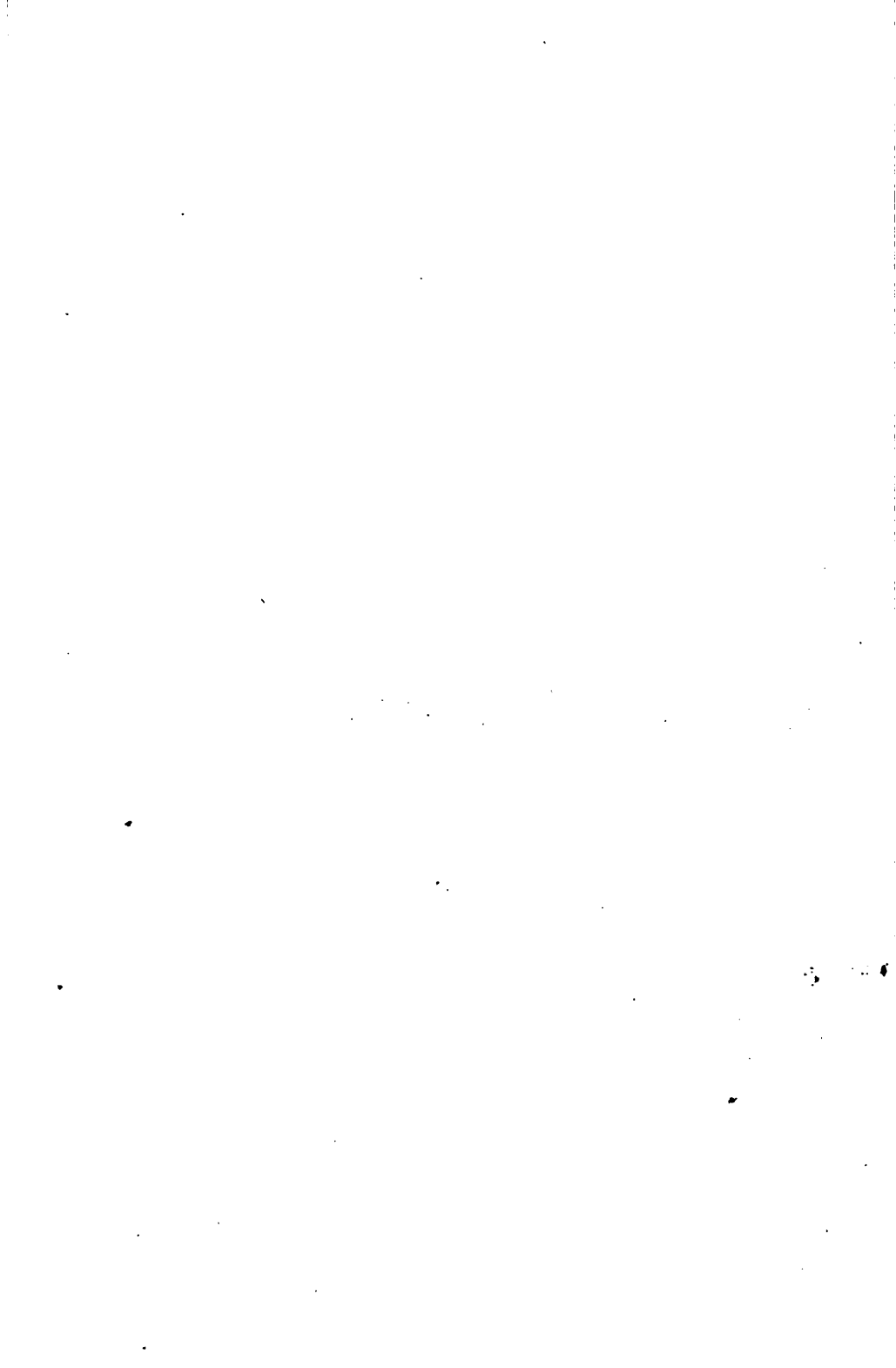
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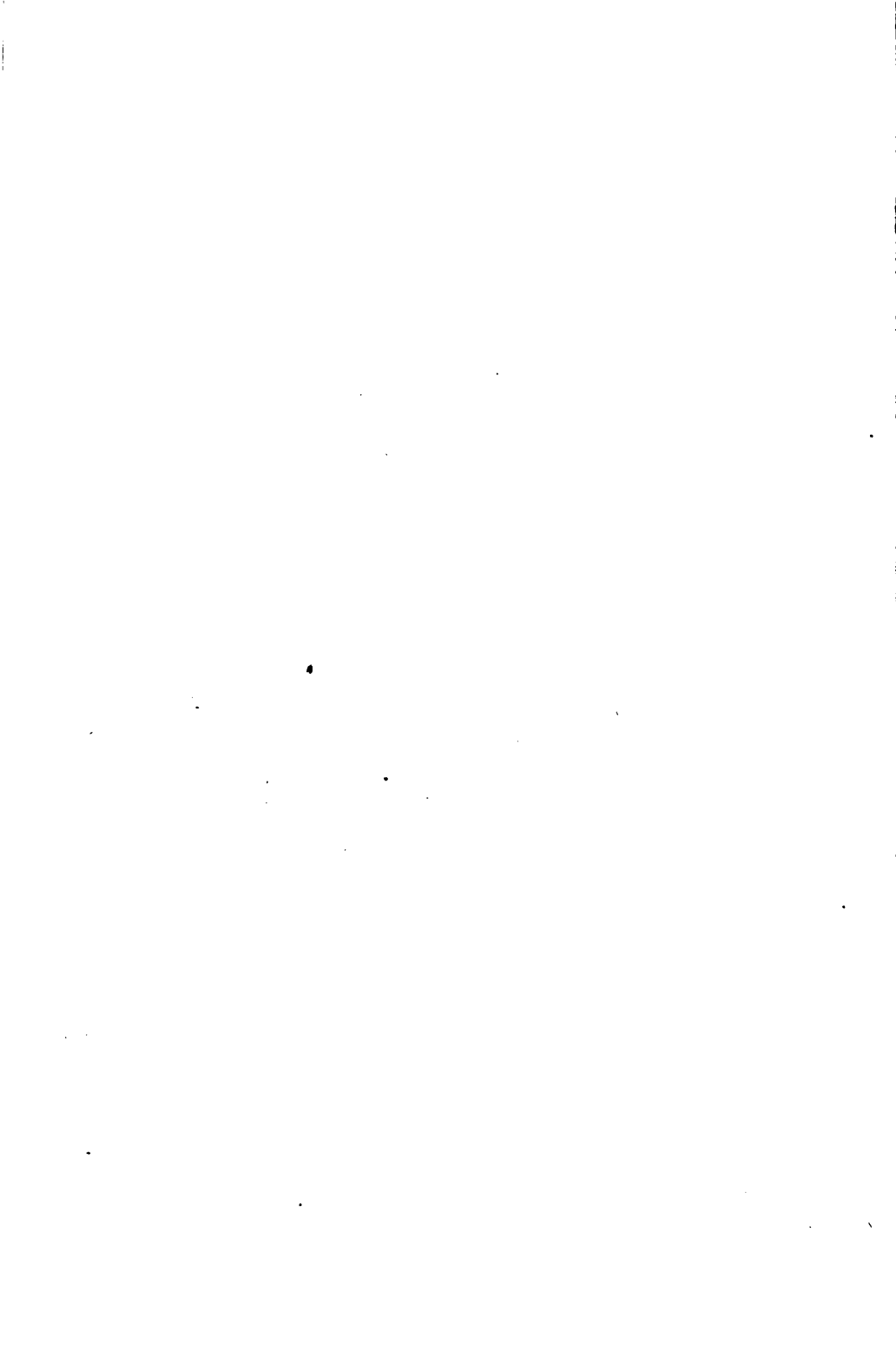
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G. A. London

8° 36' 4"

London 8 364







Bye Laws, &c.

PROPOSED TO BE MADE BY

THE RULERS, &c.

OF THE

WATERMAN'S COMPANY.



Gough Adds London

8° 364.

London :

PRINTED BY THE PHILANTHROPIC SOCIETY,

St. George's Fields.

1823.

- 1 I the Major part of the ^{said} Quiers or
- 2 I in print or
- 3 I for them

By the Beedles of the said Company



BYE LAWS, &c.

A General Court four times in the Year ~~at the Court~~

I. **T**HAT a Court of Assistants of the said Company shall be called by the Rulers, and held by the Rulers, Auditors, Comptrollers, and Assistants, of the said Company, or the major part of them, in the common Hall of the said Company in London, four times at least in every year ; that is to say, in the months of February, May, July, and December, and oftener, if twenty of the said Auditors, Comptrollers, and Assistants for the time being shall, under their hands, ~~request and~~ require the same ; to which Court of Assistants all the Auditors, Comptrollers, and Assistants, for the time being, shall by order of the said Rulers, or the major part of them, ~~given to the Clerk of the said Company,~~ be duly summoned, by leaving a summons in writing ~~under the hand of the Clerk of the said Company~~ for the time being at their respective dwellings, or

usual place of abode, three days before such Court of Assistants is to be held and kept: and that every Ruler, or ~~Clerk~~^{or}, neglecting his duty therein, shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use of the poor of this Company~~ a sum not exceeding three pounds nor less than forty shillings.

Rulers to be sworn into Office, and enter into Bond.

II. That the persons nominated according to ancient usage of the said Company to be Rulers of the said Company, and chosen to be Rulers by the Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen, shall at the first or second Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen which shall be holden next after being so chosen respectively, take the oath usually taken by the Rulers of the said Company for the due execution of their said office, and shall together with sureties to be approved of by the said Court, severally enter into bond to the Chamberlain of the said City for the time being in two hundred pounds, or such greater penalty as the case may require, to be from time to time directed by the said Court, with such condition thereto (mutatis mutandis) as is hereafter appointed to be entered into by the Clerk of the said Company, in trust for the said Company, and to be put in suit upon application made to the Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen by the General Court of ~~this~~ Company, the General Court giving the Chamberlain for the time being security to save him harmless from all costs of any action or suit to be commenced

at least

~~at least~~

(a) of the City of London

shall after that or his being first notified & then as aforesaid

(b) said

(c) the said

(a) and if at any time or times during the continuance in office of any Ruler or Clerk of the said Company who shall be chosen or re-elected the Court of the said Company shall be satisfied with his conduct or either of them, or either of them shall happen to die the said Ruler or Clerk shall find other sureties or surety to be approved as aforesaid together with such Ruler or Clerk shall enter into such Bond as aforesaid within fourteen days after being required so to do

It is apprehended no penalty need be attached to the non-observance of this part of the bye-law, because a Ruler would not be re-elected by the said Mayor and Aldermen, and the Clerk would not be re-elected.

And a General Court of the said Company to be holden

upon the said bond: and in case any person nominated and chosen Ruler as aforesaid, shall refuse or omit (unless such omission be occasioned by illness) to take the said oath, and enter into such bond, such refusal or omission shall be taken to be a refusal of the said office, and the person so refusing, or omitting, shall respectively forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~ a sum not exceeding three pounds, and not less than forty shillings, and also be incapable of being chosen a Ruler of the said Company at any time within seven years after such refusal or omission. (a/

Comptrollers to be chosen and their duty. Not to be compelled to serve, more than two years—To be summoned to every Court of Rulers.

III. That annually on every first day of May, unless on a Sunday, and then on the Monday next following, five persons not being Rulers or Auditors shall be annually chosen ~~by the Rulers, Auditors, and Assistants~~ to be Comptrollers for the year ensuing, who are hereby ~~ordered and~~ required from time to time within one month after every audit of any accounts of the said Rulers, or others, to peruse, examine, and see that the same be just and true, and to use their utmost endeavours to discover and prosecute before the Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen, (if within the jurisdiction of the said Court) or otherwise to proceed ~~as~~ by law they shall be advised, against any Ruler, Auditor, Assistant, Clerk, or Beadle, or other officer who

shall have embezzled any of the stock of the said Company, or the Poor, or otherwise acted contrary to his duty; and such Comptrollers are hereby ordered and required from time to time in writing, signed by the major part of the said Comptrollers, to make reports to the General Court of ~~this~~ Company, what offences they have discovered to have been committed by any Ruler, Auditor, Assistant, Clerk or Beadle, or other Officer, and what prosecutions or proceedings have been had against such offenders, and the charge of such prosecutions or proceedings shall be defrayed out of the common stock of the said Company; and if any Comptroller so chosen shall refuse to ~~serve in such his place and office~~, he shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~, the sum of three pounds: but no Comptroller, shall be compelled to serve more than two years successively; and all Rulers, Auditors, and Assistants, Clerk, Beadles, and other officers, and all Members of the said Society, are hereby ordered from time to time to give due and timely notice to such Comptrollers of all embezzlements, or other offences, committed by any Ruler, Auditor, Assistant, Clerk, ~~or~~ Beadle, or other officer, which shall come to their knowledge; and if any Comptroller shall neglect the discharge of his duty ~~according to the trust hereby reposed in him~~, or if any other Member shall wilfully conceal, and not discover such offender or offenders as aforesaid, he or they for every such offence shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~ a sum not less than twenty shillings, and

(a) of the said Company being

(b) the said

(c) or the ^{share} ~~poor of the said Company~~ as the case may be

(d) take upon him the said

for finding and making free or removing complaints

for it or

(a) holden

and take an account of

ref. to the M^r. Vesting

(b) of the said Company

And that at the Customised General Court

who are hereby ^{reqd} to carefully examine and audit
the accounts of the said Company twice at least
in every year (the 5th by law may be outside in this)

At This rule, as to the party being prosecuted for
refusal or neglect to be referred to the Court of
Sessions

not exceeding three pounds : and that at every Court of Rulers, the Comptrollers ~~of the said Company~~ shall ~~(by order of the Clerk)~~ be duly summoned by the Beadles of the said Company, by leaving a summons in writing at their respective dwellings or usual places of abode, three days at least before such Court of Rulers is to be kept, at which Court the said Comptrollers shall ~~and may~~ sit, ^{or any two of them as Rulers shall be} in order to inspect what money is then and there received, and every Clerk, or Beadle, neglecting his duty therein, shall forfeit and pay to the use aforesaid a sum not less than five shillings, and not exceeding ten shillings, for every such offence.

Auditors to be chosen and their duty,

IV. That the Rulers and Assistants for the time being, ~~or the major part of them, on the first day of May yearly, and every year (except it falls on a Sunday) and then on the Monday next following, shall at a Court by them to be held, choose five persons, able and fit Watermen, understanding accounts (not then being a Ruler or Rulers of the said Company) and two persons, able and fit Lightermen, understanding accounts (neither of them being a Ruler or Rulers of the said Company) to be Auditors of the Accounts of the said Company for the year ensuing, but no Auditor shall be compelled to serve more than two years successively ; and if any or either of the persons so chosen, shall after due notice thereof, given to them in writing, refuse or neglect to take upon themselves, or himself, the~~

said office, and execute the same, ~~they or he so~~
 offending, shall ~~respectively~~ forfeit and pay a sum
 of money not exceeding three pounds, nor less than
 forty shillings. *But no Ruler shall be compelled to
 serve more than two years as Ruler.*

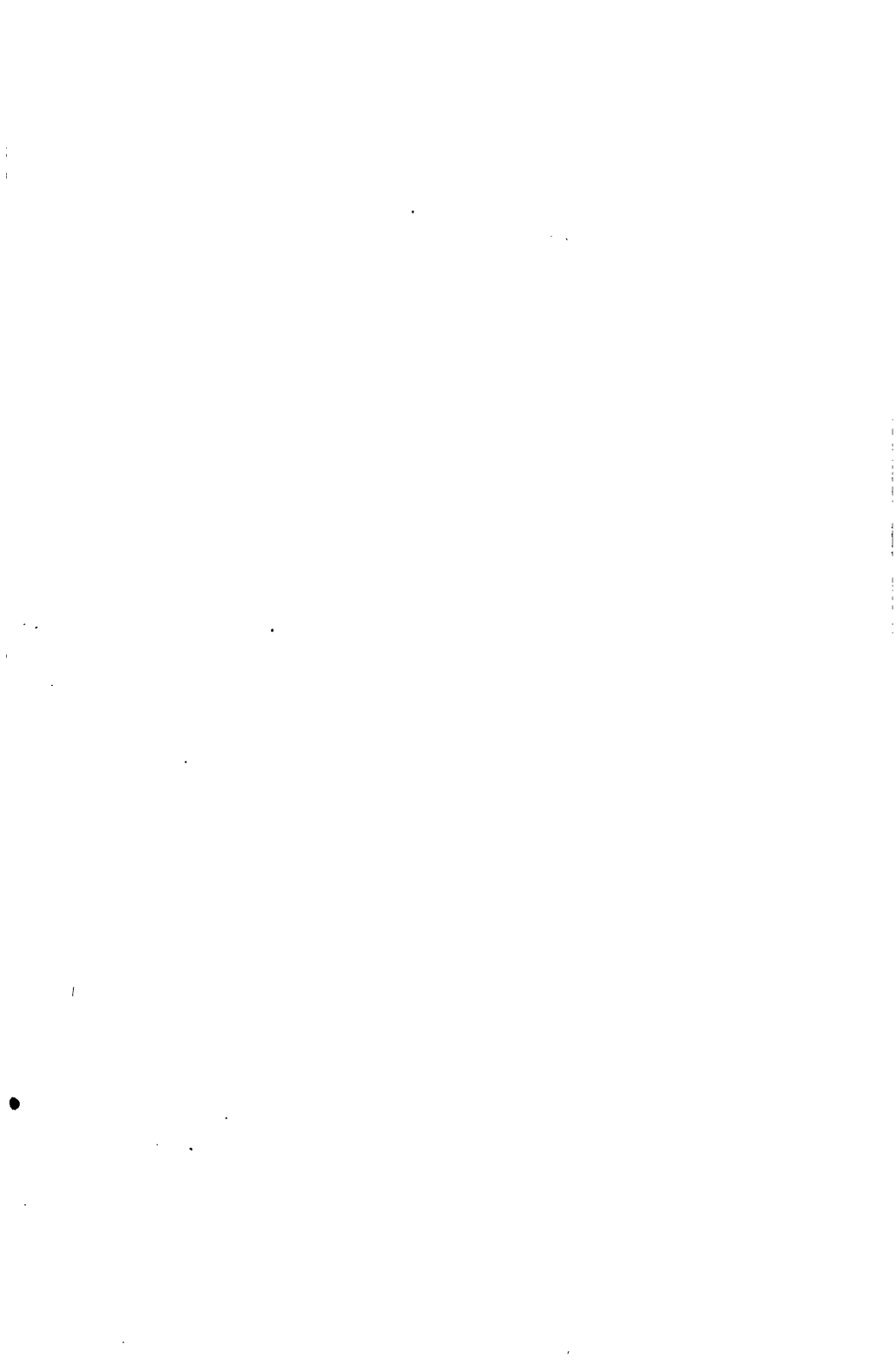
To be summoned to all Courts of Rulers except those for Binding
 and hearing Complaints.

W V. And that the said Rulers shall upon all
 occasions that shall happen, other than what relates
 to the binding and entering of apprentices, and
 making them free, or hearing complaints, summon
 the said Auditors for their advice and assistance in
 the ordering and management of the affairs of
 the said Company; and if the said Auditors, or
 the major part of them ~~present~~, shall disallow any
 particulars in the accounts of the said Rulers, or
 the major part of them, and such disallowance shall
 be objected to by the said Rulers, or the major
 part of them ~~present~~, such particulars in such
 accounts so disallowed by the said Auditors, or the
 major part of them, shall be presented to the next
 General Court of ~~Rulers, Comptrollers, and Assis-~~
 tants, by ~~them~~ to be settled, and if ~~they cannot~~
 settle and adjust the same, then upon complaint
 thereof, and appeal to the Court of Lord Mayor
 and Aldermen, such dispute and difference shall
 be there heard and determined, in such manner as
 to them shall seem just and reasonable for the
 common good of the said Company.



(Conf) to the vice president

(6) to the vice president of the company



(a) ~~to the use of private~~

Choice of Assistants.—No Victualler eligible to any Office.—None to be chosen Assistant but where he usually plies, nor who owes more than one year's quarterage.

VI. That no Victualler shall be capable of being elected, chosen, or made an Overseer, Ruler, Auditor, Comptroller, Assistant, Clerk, Beadle, or Bell-ringer, to the said Company; and in case any person after he shall have been elected or chosen an Overseer, Ruler, Auditor, Comptroller, Assistant, Clerk, Beadle, or Bell-ringer, shall or do by himself, or by his wife, or any other in his behalf, set up or keep a victualling-house, ~~brandy-house~~, or other public-house for the sale of liquors, during such time as he shall be such Overseer, Ruler, Auditor, Comptroller, Assistant, Clerk, Beadle, or Bell-ringer, he shall forfeit and pay ten shillings per week for every week he shall so offend: and from and after the time of his conviction for such offence, he shall forfeit and lose his office, and the same shall from thenceforth become and be vacant: and no Member of this Company shall hereafter be capable of being ~~voted for~~, elected, or chosen as a Water Assistant, unless he be a housekeeper, and has been a freeman of the Company for the space of seven years, nor shall he be chosen for, or at any other stairs, but where he doth usually ply, and keep turnway: nor shall any Member be capable of being ~~voted for~~, elected, or chosen as a Lighter Assistant, unless he be a housekeeper, and has been a freeman of the Company for the space of seven years, and be

possessed of at least one flat-bottomed craft, which he shall make satisfactorily to appear to the Rulers of the Company, or the major part of them, if required so to do; and no election or choice shall be deemed legal, if the person ~~chosen and~~ ^{elect} elected ~~owes more than~~ ^{or less} one year's quarterage to the said Company; and no Member of the said Company who owes ~~more than~~ ^{less} one year's quarterage to the ~~said Company~~, shall be allowed to vote at any election, or choice of an Assistant, or at any other election whatsoever of the said Company.

Chairman to be chosen.—Order to be observed.—All persons to be heard in turn.—Behaving disorderly.—Chairman not to leave the chair without consent.

6 VII. That when the Rulers, Auditors, Comp-trollers, and Assistants, or the major part of them, ^{elect} ~~are met and~~ assembled to hold a Court, they shall in the first place elect and choose a fit and able person from amongst themselves to be Chairman of the said Court, who shall take care that decent and good order be kept ^{reference} ~~and maintained in~~ the said Court, and that the business ^{Regulation} ~~there~~ be conducted with regularity; and ~~that~~ all persons attending such Court ~~on business~~ shall be heard, and their business determined in the ^{Regulation} ~~order in which~~ they shall have attended such Court, ~~and if the Rulers~~ cannot hear all persons who may attend on any one Court day, then such person or persons shall be first heard in their former turns at the next subsequent Court, as soon as they respectively

The major part of them are expected to hold a list of Rules

—

~~come thereunto~~ : and that one of the Beadles of the said Company shall enter and make a list of the name and business of every person attending such Court, in the order in which such person shall attend, and present the same to the Chairman of the Court for the time being, for his direction in calling in such person to be heard as aforesaid, and on neglect thereof, such Beadle shall forfeit ~~to the use aforesaid~~, for every such offence, a sum not less than one shilling, and not exceeding two shillings and sixpence. And if any Member of the said Court shall be guilty of any disorderly or improper conduct at any such Court, or shall depart the said Court before the business thereof be done, without leave of the said Court, or the Chairman for the time being, he shall for every such offence forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~, a sum not less than five shillings, and not exceeding ten shillings : and if any person elected and chosen to be Chairman shall refuse to take the chair, or having taken the chair, shall leave the same without consent first had of the said Court, he shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~ a sum not less than twenty shillings, and not exceeding three pounds for every such offence.

Members summoned to a General Court, Rulers and Comptrollers to a Court of Binding, and Auditors to an Audit, being summoned and not appearing, or departing without leave.

7 VIII. That if any Member of such Court of Assistants being duly summoned as aforesaid, shall ~~and do~~ without just and reasonable cause absent

himself, or neglect to appear according to such summons; or if any Ruler shall without just and reasonable cause absent himself, or neglect to appear at any Court of binding and making free, being duly summoned, or appearing shall depart before such Court break up, without leave of the other Rulers present being first obtained for that purpose; or if any Ruler being duly summoned in his proper turn to attend a Court of Complaint, shall without just and reasonable cause absent himself or neglect to appear thereat, or appearing shall depart before such Court break up, without leave of the other Rulers present being first obtained for that purpose; or if any Auditor duly summoned to attend an Audit of the accounts of the Company, or the poor thereof, shall without just and reasonable cause, absent himself or neglect to appear thereat, or appearing shall depart before such Audit is gone through and completed, without leave of the other Auditors present; or if any Comptroller duly summoned to attend a Court of Rulers for binding and making free, or hearing complaints, shall without just and reasonable cause absent himself, or neglect to appear thereat, or appearing shall depart before the business of such Court is gone through, without leave of the Rulers present, he or they respectively shall forfeit and pay a sum not less than five shillings, nor exceeding ten shillings for every such offence.

1 a 2 to the ~~un~~ enforced



No Member of the Court to take any Reward for his Vote, or to solicit another's Vote, on Penalties.

IX. That if any Member of the said Company shall ~~en-de~~, directly or indirectly, by himself or any other person or persons, receive or take any fee or reward for giving his vote or suffrage, or for soliciting any other member to give his vote or suffrage in any election or choice, or any other matter or thing to be ordered, settled, or done in any Court, Assembly, or Meeting of the said Company, or the Overseers or Rulers thereof, such person or persons so offending, shall for every such offence forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~, a sum not less than forty shillings, and not exceeding three pounds, and shall also from thenceforth be disabled from continuing or being a Member of any of the said Courts, or from holding any office of or in the said Company.

Members of the Court, &c. for Corruption, may be dismissed by Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen.

X. That if any three Members of the said Company being either Rulers, Auditors, ^{Assistants} ~~or Comptrollers~~ of the said Company, shall under their hands charge before the Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen any Ruler, Auditor, Comptroller, Assistant, Clerk, or Beadle, or other officer, with any offence for which such place or office is declared according to these Rules to be forfeited, or by reason whereof such person is rendered incapable of serving such office or place, and shall prove such

charge before the Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen to the satisfaction of such Court, the person so charged having notice thereof, (notice in writing being left at the usual place of abode of ~~such~~ person being hereby declared to be sufficient notice in that behalf, and being allowed ten days at the least to make his defence) that then and in every such case, the Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen may remove and discharge every person so convicted from his place and office, and proper persons shall (according to the rules and constitutions of ~~this~~ *the said* Company) be chosen in the room of the person so removed or discharged as aforesaid.

Members of the Court dying or turned out, others to be chosen.

XI. That if any Member of ~~this Court~~ *the said*, being a Ruler, Auditor, Comptroller, Assistant, Clerk, Beadle, or Bell-ringer shall die, or shall for corruption in his office, or any other cause in these Rules mentioned, be removed from or rendered incapable of serving in his office, or shall be fined for not serving his office during the year wherein such Ruler, Auditor, Comptroller, Assistant, Clerk, Beadle or Bell-ringer was to have served, that then and in every such case, the place of every person so dying, or dismissed, or refusing to serve as aforesaid, shall be filled up by a new election of a person to such office, so made vacant in manner before expressed with respect to the said office, and such new election to be at the next Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen, or at a General Court

— — —

of the Company to be called and holden within twenty-one days as the case may require.

Election of Clerk, Beadles, &c.

XII. That the Clerk, Beadles, and all other the public officers and servants of the said Company, shall annually in December, and oftener if occasion shall require, be elected and chosen at a General Court of ~~Rulers, Auditors, Comptrollers, and Assistants~~ of the said Company; and that the Clerk, together with two sufficient sureties to be approved of by the said ~~Rulers, Auditors, Comptrollers, and Assistants~~, ~~(or the major part of them in a Court of Assistants)~~ shall within fourteen days after his first election enter into a bond in the penalty of one thousand pounds to the Chamberlain of the City of London for the time being, with condition thereto as hereafter followeth, viz. "The condition of this obligation is such, that if the above bound A. B. who is elected Clerk to the Company of Watermen and Lightermen ~~using and rowing upon the river of Thames~~, shall well and truly observe, perform and keep the several rules, orders, and constitutions made or hereafter to be made for the better rule and government of the said Company, on his part to be observed, performed, and kept, and in all things well and honestly behave himself, and faithfully discharge his trust in the execution of the said place, for so long a time as he shall continue therein, or be re-elected thereto, and shall not embezzle or misemploy any sum or sums of

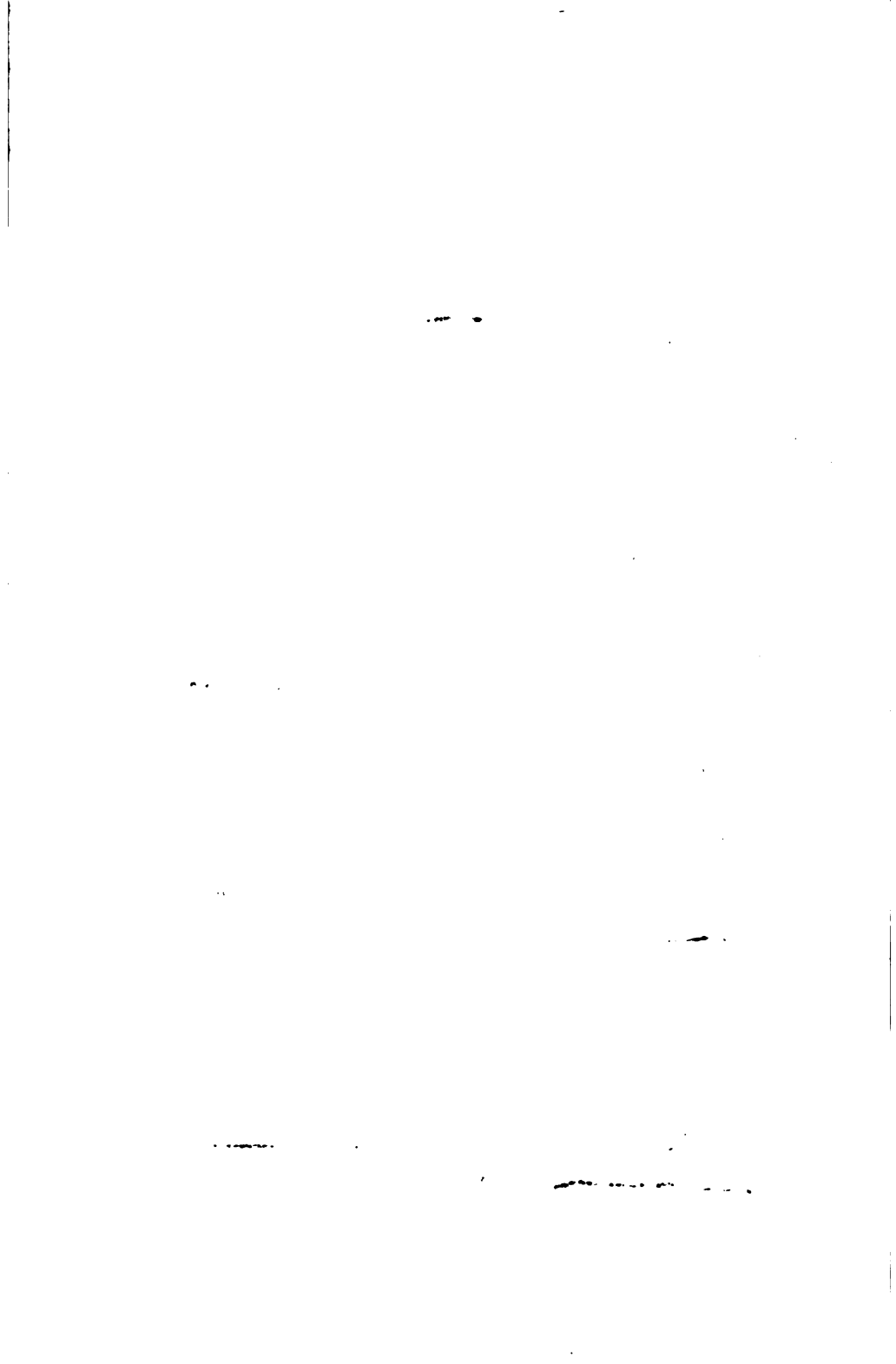
money belonging to the common stock of the said Company which shall come to his hands, ^{then} ~~this obligation to be void, or else to be and remain~~ in full force and virtue. ^(c.) ~~any Clerk who~~ Provided, that if at any

time or times during the continuance in office of ^(c.) ~~any Clerk who~~ shall be re-elected, the said Court shall be dissatisfied with his sureties or either of them, or either of them, shall happen to die, then, and in every such case, ^(b.) ~~such Clerk shall find other~~ such Clerk sureties or surety as the case may be, to be approved as aforesaid, who shall, together with ^(c.) ~~such Clerk,~~ such Clerk enter into such bond as aforesaid, within fourteen days after being required so to do. ^(c.) ~~How this obligation~~

Clerk's Duty.

XIII. And in case of failure to enter into such bond or bonds, the election of such Clerk shall become and be void, which said bond and bonds shall be taken as heretofore by the Town Clerk of the City of London, and shall be by him kept in trust for the said Company, and be put in suit upon application made to the Court of Lord Mayor and Aldermen by the General Court of ^(b.) ~~this~~ Company, the said General Court giving to the Chamberlain ^(c.) ~~security~~ to save him harmless against all costs of any action or suit to be commenced upon the said bond or bonds. And the Clerk for the time being, shall keep a book, and duly enter minutes of all orders and resolutions of the General Court and Courts of Rulers, and other public meetings, and draw up orders thereupon within four days after ^(c.) ~~from~~

(a) such security as he shall require



and present the same to the next General Court to be considered, and altered or approved of ; and after such approbation shall, within six days, post and fairly enter such orders in a book to be kept for that purpose, under the penalty of forfeiting and paying ~~to the use aforesaid~~, a sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than ten shillings for every such omission.

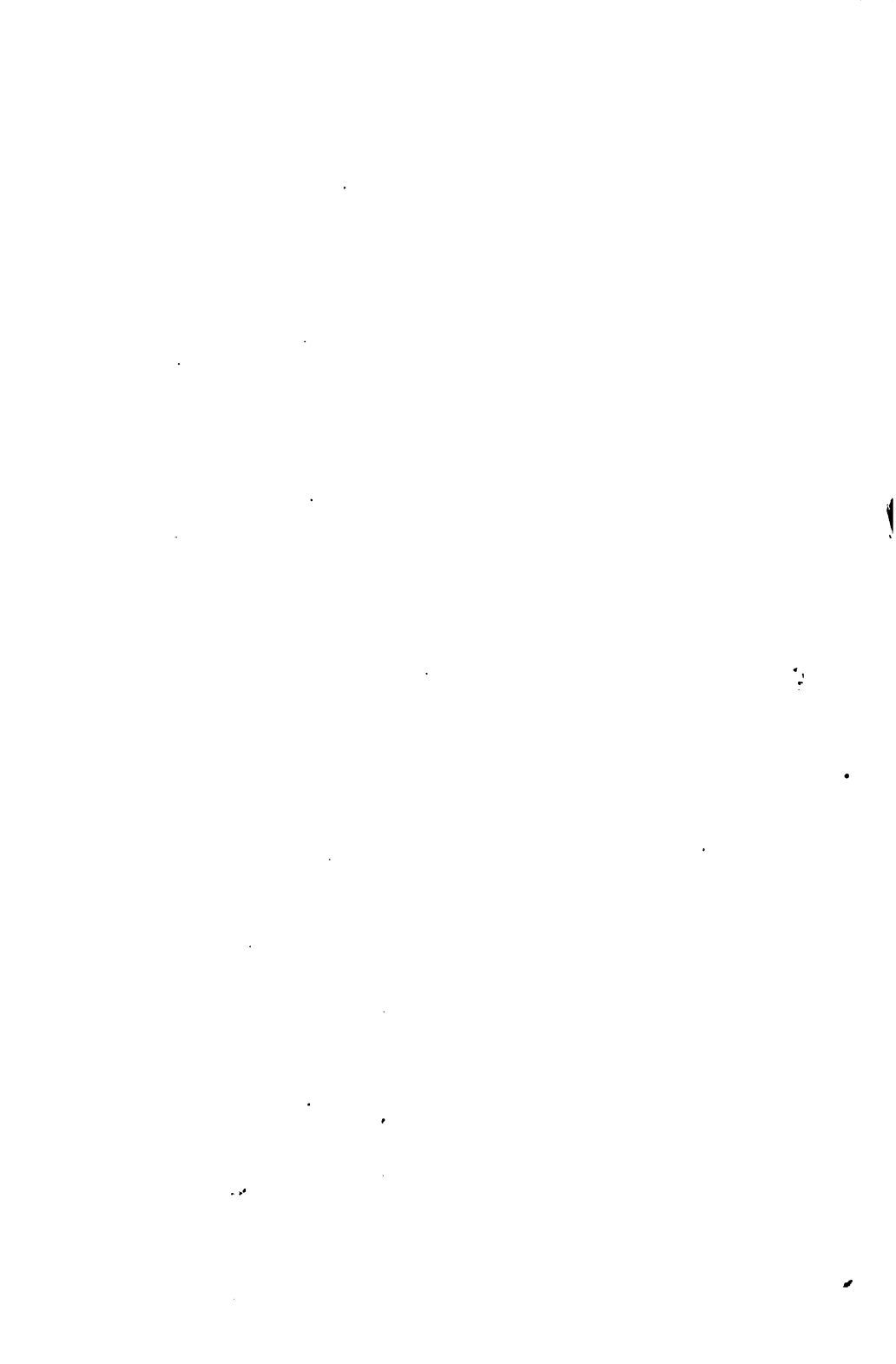
Beadles to account at least once a Month.

XIV. That the Beadles of ~~this~~^{the} Company shall account at least once every month, with the Rulers or Clerk, for all sums of money received by them for the quarterage due from the Members of the said Company ; and any Beadle neglecting so to account within one month from his last settlement with the Rulers or Clerk, shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~ the sum of three pounds ; and each Beadle receiving and collecting such quarterage, shall enter an account of all sums so received and collected in a book kept by the said Company for that purpose, to be called "The Beadles Quarterage Book," and in default thereof, shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~, the sum of three pounds.

Receiver to be chosen—Chairman to sign the Day Book—Table of Fees to lie before the Rulers, and taking more than the proper Fees.

XV. That at the meeting of every Court of Rulers, a Receiver from amongst themselves shall be chosen, who shall for that day ~~keep the key of the Court box, and~~ ^{let} an account in writing of what

each person hath that day paid; and if upon telling over that day's cash in the presence of the Clerk and the major part of the Rulers present, and comparing the same with the account ^{take} kept by such Receiver, and the Clerk's entries, there shall happen to be any deficiency in the said cash, such Receiver shall ^{take} make the same good ~~at the next Court of Rulers, or forfeit to the use aforesaid,~~ double as much as was so deficient; but if the cash appears to be more than entered by such Receiver or Clerk, then such Receiver or Clerk shall make a particular entry of such overplus, or forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid,~~ a sum not less than ten shillings, and not exceeding twenty shillings for every five shillings not so accounted for. And at the close of every such Court, the Chairman then present, shall sign the Day-book, or neglecting so to do, shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid,~~ a sum not less than ten shillings, and not exceeding twenty shillings; and in every such Court ~~as aforesaid,~~ a Table of the Fees ^{of the} ~~of such Court, and of the Officers thereof,~~ shall lie before the Rulers, Comptrollers, and Receivers, to the intent that the said fees may be more readily known; and no Ruler or Receiver for the time being, shall demand, ~~or~~ receive, or take any other or greater fee, or fees for the use of the said Company, for business done in the Courts, held by the Rulers for binding apprentices, or making free ~~those whose terms are expired,~~ or for the dispatching of any business done by the said Court of Rulers; nor shall any Clerk, Beadle ~~or~~ ~~Beadles,~~



(a) the said

~~Officer or Officers~~^{by him}, take to the use of ~~him or them-~~^{such} ~~selves, by virtue or colour of such his or their office~~^{his or their office} ~~or offices, more or any other fee or fees then are, or~~^{is mentioned}, appointed, or expressed in a table of fees for that purpose, entitled "A Table of Fees to be taken by the Rulers, Clerk, and Officers of the Company of Watermen and Lightermen," (salaries excepted) and every person offending therein, shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~, treble as much as he ~~or they respectively~~ shall have demanded and taken, above what ought to have been received and ~~taken for the same~~, according to the rules appointed by the ~~said~~ table, and shall also restore to the person wronged, all that was received more than ought to have been paid or received, according to the said table of fees; and the said Clerk and Officers therein offending, shall further forfeit their places and offices.

Company's and Poor's Cash.

XVI. ~~That~~ all public money collected or received for the use of the said Company, and all public money collected or received for the use of the Poor of ~~this~~ Company, shall be forthwith paid to such bankers, in the names of such four persons being Members of the General Court, as a General Court of the said Company shall from time to time appoint. And all monies at such bankers shall be, from time to time, drawn for by any two or more of such four persons, and applied and laid out for such purposes,

and in such manner as any General Court of the said Company shall direct and appoint, and not otherwise. X

The Poor to be paid Quarterly, and their Money to be kept separate.

XVII. That the Rulers, or Clerk by their appointment for the time being, shall on the four usual quarterly days, that is to say on the first day of February, on the first day of May, on the first day of August, and on the first day of November in every year, unless such days or any or either of them shall fall on a Sunday, and then on the next following day, pay unto such poor Watermen or Lightermen, and Widows of Watermen and Lightermen, as shall be entitled by order of the Court of Rulers, Auditors, Comptrollers, and Assistants, to relief, as poor watermen or lightermen, or widows of watermen or lightermen, so much money as shall from time to time be settled to and for each of them in the Poor's-list, made by order of the said Court. And that the Clerk of the said Company shall keep a distinct account of all monies received for, and paid to the poor of the said Company, in a separate book, on pain of forfeiting and paying to the use aforesaid, a sum not less than five shillings, and not exceeding ten shillings for every week he shall omit the doing thereof. And that the Sunday Ferry-money, and all other monies collected or received for the use of the poor of the said Company, shall be from henceforth kept separate from

It is provided nevertheless that the monies voted by a General
Court to be distributed amongst the poor of the said Company
shall be distributed to the poor by the Officers of the said
Company or the major part of them at a meeting or meetings
of the said Officers or the major part of them to be holden at the
Head of the said Company for that purpose

(a) once

the other cash or monies belonging to ~~the said~~ Company; and if any Ruler ~~or Rulers~~, or other ~~Members~~ *Members* of the said Company, shall mix monies directed by these orders to be kept separate and distinct with other monies belonging to the said Company, so that the separate and precise amounts of each cannot be ~~known or ascertained~~ *ascertained*; he ~~or they~~ for every such offence, shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~, a sum not exceeding three pounds.

Rulers to appoint Plying-places.

XVIII. That the Rulers for the time being, according to antient custom, shall yearly and every year in the month of June, set forth and appoint the Plying-places of all Watermen and Wherry-men at each of the respective towns and plying-places, between Vauxhall (above) in the County of Surrey, and Limehouse, in the County of Middlesex, below London Bridge, by the usual and accustomed mark; and on neglect thereof, each and every of the said Rulers shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~, a sum not less than ten shillings, and not exceeding twenty shillings; and the said Rulers shall once in every two years, in the month of July, set forth and appoint the plying-places between *Vauxhall* as aforesaid, and *Windsor*, in the County of *Berks*; and likewise ^{at} in every two years all places where watermen shall ply, between *Limehouse* as aforesaid, and *Gravesend*, in the County of *Kent*; and on neglect thereof, each of the said Rulers shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use~~

~~aforsaid~~, a sum not less than twenty shillings, and not exceeding forty shillings for every such offence.

Rulers, &c. to give Notice of any Offence committed within Six Days after the Commission.

W.
 2 To be out XIX. That every Ruler, Auditor, Comptroller, Assistant, Clerk, ~~or other~~ Officer, to whom any complaint shall have been made against any Waterman or Lighterman, or any apprentice or servant of any Waterman or Lighterman, or Waterman's or Lighterman's Widow; and every Ruler, Auditor, Comptroller, Assistant, Clerk, Beadle, and Bell-ringer, to whose knowledge any offence committed by any Member of the said Company, contrary to any of the Rules thereof shall come, shall within six days after such complaint or knowledge of such offence as the case may be, lodge complaint of such offence at the Hall of the said Company, or with one of the Beadles, or with the Clerk of the said Company, in order that such offender or offenders may be duly summoned to attend and appear at the Hall of the said Company, at the first ensuing Court of Rulers to be holden for hearing and determining complaints, or at any other Court which the Rulers for the time being shall order and appoint to answer to such complaint; and if such complaint shall be against any Apprentice or Servant, the person with whom such Apprentice or Servant shall then live, shall also attend such Court, and such Ruler, Auditor, Comptroller, Assistant, Clerk, Beadle, or Bell-ringer neglecting his duty herein,

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shall for every such neglect forfeit and pay to the use aforesaid a sum not less than ten shillings, and not exceeding twenty shillings.

Apprentices to be kept Twenty Days, and not exceeding Fifty Days upon Trial.

XX. That any Free Waterman or Lighterman, or Widow aforesaid, ~~before he or she do take an~~ ^W ~~Apprentice at the Hall of the said Company,~~ shall have the person intended to be bound twenty days at the least, and not more than fifty days at the most upon trial, before such person shall be duly bound and registered as his or her Apprentice; and that the person taking such Apprentice, shall before such Apprentice is duly bound, produce satisfactory ~~and due~~ proof of such term of trial to the Court of Rulers, or the major part ^{of} ~~of~~ them for the time being, ~~then present~~; and every Waterman, Lighterman, and Widow aforesaid, keeping any person so intended to be bound for more than fifty days upon trial, shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~ a sum of money not exceeding ⁽⁴⁰⁾ ~~forty~~ shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Apprentices how to be bound and turned over.

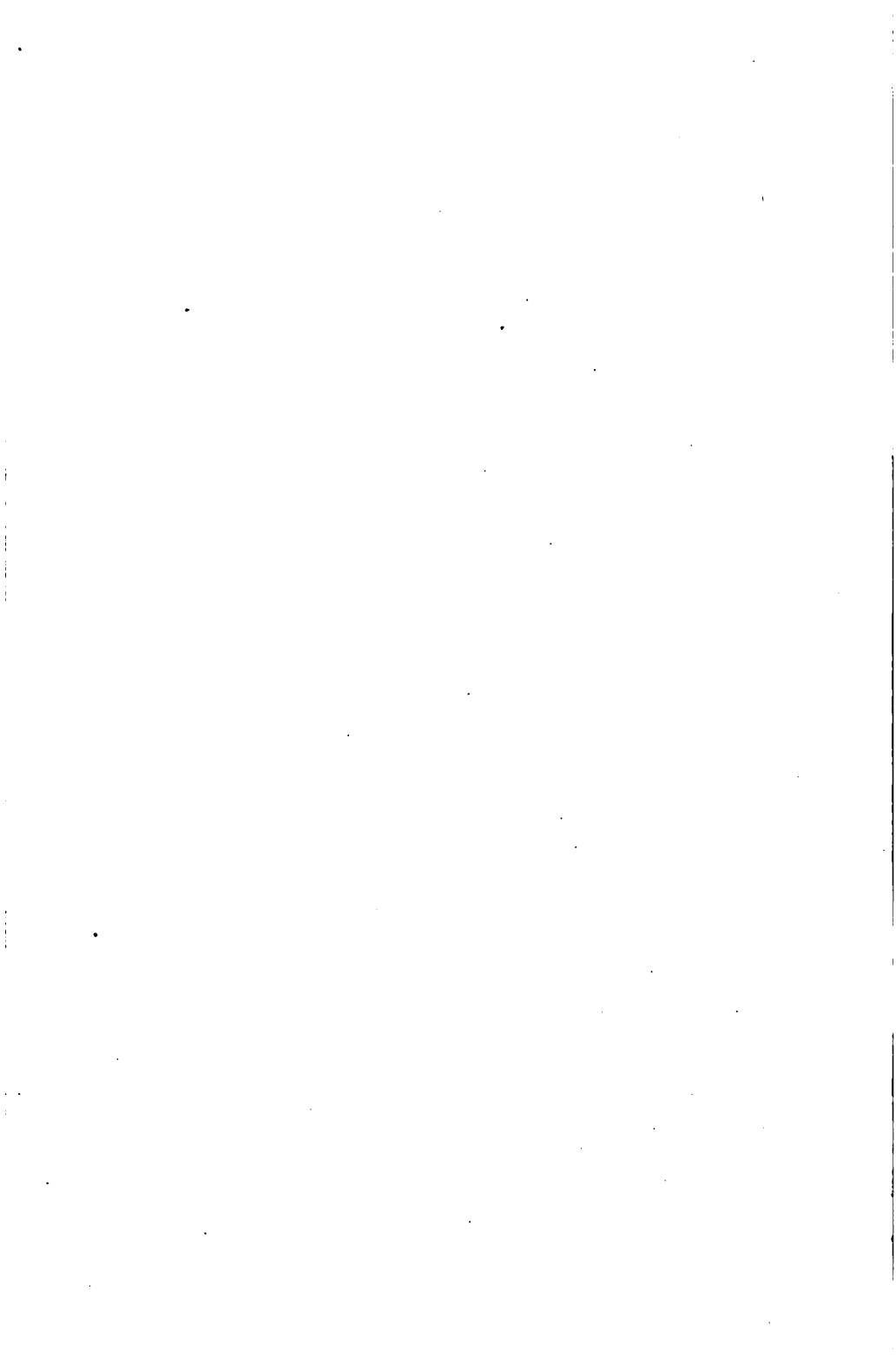
XXI. That every Apprentice shall be bound by Indenture, attested ¹⁸ and subscribed by the Clerk of the said Company, ¹⁸ and two of the Rulers at the least, in the presence of the major part of the Rulers of the said Company, at the Common Hall of the said Company, in the City of London, and not elsewhere,

to serve for the ^{full} term of Seven Years ~~at the least ;~~
~~and further,~~ that such Apprentice shall not be
 assigned over to any other Master or Mistress, but
~~when~~ in the presence of the major part of the
 Rulers present at the Common Hall of the said
 Company; and such assignment shall be attested
 and subscribed as aforesaid; [and every such bind-
 ing and assignment shall within ten days after the
 execution thereof be duly and fairly entered and
 registered by the Clerk of the said Company in a
 book to be ~~provided and~~ kept for that purpose;
 and all other bindings, assignments, and registerings
 contrary hereunto, shall be, and are hereby declared
 to be void ~~and of non effect~~; and if such Clerk
 shall omit or neglect to make such entry or register,
 he shall for every such offence forfeit and pay ~~to the~~
~~use aforesaid~~, a sum not less than three pounds.

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 W
 Apprentices not to be employed in any other business than as a
 Waterman or Lighterman.

W
 XXII. That no Waterman or Lighterman, or
 Widow aforesaid, ~~being a Member of the said~~
~~Company~~, shall either before or after binding an
 Apprentice, either directly or indirectly covenant,
 contract, or agree, to or with his or her Appren-
 tice, or any other person or persons on his or her
 behalf, for any sum or sums of money, or other
 consideration whatsoever, to be paid or given him or
 her, for the bringing up or employing such Appren-
 tice otherwise than as a Waterman or Lighterman
 or shall permit ~~and~~ suffer any Apprentice to work

(a) being a member of the said Company



That no efforts shall have been made to
take ^{care} ~~any~~ of any Race or other type
upon the River Thames with the least
view of the? River with some other change
Waterman Morgan & Co. for the space
of 2 years & later still? The 7th of 16 years it shall
be the of all others & the 7th of 17 years it shall
be the of a hundred, & if any effort be
made to do so shall be paid for for ever
but then beyond 100

(6) for a further period of time equal to the
time lost by such neglect.

at any other business or calling whatsoever, to make any advantage of his own labour for his own benefit, or to receive the profits thereof to his own use, (except at such times as the river shall be frozen or not navigable) upon pain that every such Waterman or Lighterman, or Widow aforesaid, so offending, shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~, a sum not less than five shillings, nor exceeding forty shillings.

Apprentices after their Master's death to be assigned over.—Master or Mistress leaving off Business to deliver up Indentures of Apprenticeship. 16

XXIII. That every Apprentice whose master or mistress shall happen to die, or give over exercising ~~his~~ or her employment, (by himself, herself, or servant) upon the said River of *Thames*, shall within fourteen days, (if at home) apply to the Rulers of the said Company for the time being, and shall at his request, and by his consent, be by them, or the major part of them, assigned over to some other able and fit master or mistress, being free of the said Company, and willing to take him by indorsement upon the indenture of apprenticeship, or otherwise in case the said indenture be destroyed, mislaid, or wilfully withheld, and not produced, attested and subscribed as aforesaid; and every such apprentice neglecting to make such application as aforesaid, shall serve ~~the time of such neglect over again~~ to some other ^{master} master or mistress, before he shall be admitted to the freedom of the said Com-

pany; but it shall and may be lawful for such apprentice, when at sea, to signify by his letter subscribed by two witnesses, that he desires to be assigned to any new master or mistress particularly named in such letter, to serve the remaining part of his time; and the Rulers, ~~when in proper Court,~~ shall, upon the receipt of such letter, accordingly cause such apprentice to be assigned over; and every Ruler ~~that~~ shall neglect or refuse to assign, or turn over an apprentice according to this order, shall, for every such refusal, forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid,~~ a sum not exceeding three pounds; and that every master or mistress of any apprentice, who shall, on leaving off business as aforesaid, refuse to deliver up the indenture or indentures of apprenticeship of such their apprentice or apprentices, ~~at the time,~~ upon demand being made thereof by the said apprentice or apprentices, or by any order of a Court of Rulers of the said Company, (unless such indenture or indentures shall have been lost or mislaid, and the same shall be proved to the satisfaction of the said Rulers) shall, for every such offence, forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid,~~ a sum not exceeding three pounds.

Members at Sea may by Letter of Attorney bind, and apprentices to them may be made free.

XXIV. That if any Waterman or Lighterman, when going to, or being at sea, shall leave with or send to his wife, or any three of the Rulers of the said Company, a general letter of attorney, or a special letter of attorney for the purpose of binding an

(a) who

(b) neglected or

(a) or apprehension

(b) or apprehension

(c) or them

(d) or they

(e) or their

(f) or apprehension

(g) the sum of

apprentice, ^(c) she or they shall have the same liberty of binding ^(a) an apprentice, ^(c) as if such husband going to, or being at sea, were present ; and if the wife or friends of any Member of the said Company or apprentice being abroad, shall apply to the Rulers for the time being, on behalf of such apprentice, to make him ^(c) free of the said Company, if he shall appear to be duly and justly entitled to his freedom, the Rulers for the time being shall thereupon make such apprentice free of the said Company. And that every Ruler who shall refuse to bind or make free any apprentice or apprentices, ^(c) according to this order, shall, for every such refusal, forfeit and pay to the use ~~of the said~~, ^(c) a sum not less than three pounds.

No Apprentice to leave his Master's Service, unless to serve the King.

XXV. That no apprentice shall, without the consent of his master or mistress first had and obtained in writing, under his or her hand, depart or absent himself from his said master's or mistress's service, upon any pretence or occasion whatsoever, unless he enter himself a volunteer into the sea service of His Majesty, his heirs, or successors, or be impressed into His Majesty's sea service ; but such apprentice may serve on board any Merchantman, by the consent of his master or mistress, if he has been in his or her employ for the space of two years ; and during the time of his serving on board of any Merchantman, or in His Majesty's Navy, his wages and pay shall belong to

and be paid to his said master or mistress; and every apprentice so departing or absenting himself, (save as aforesaid) shall thereby lose the time he shall so absent himself, or shall make ~~full~~ satisfaction to his master or mistress for such absence and loss of time, before he shall be admitted to the freedom of the said Company, or be permitted to row or work as a waterman or lighterman upon the said river, which satisfaction shall be settled and determined by the ^{Lawful} Rulers of the Company, ~~or the major part of them,~~ in case the parties do not agree on the amount thereof, and their determination (the parties in difference being duly summoned to appear before ^{the} ~~them~~) shall be binding and conclusive between the parties, although either of them may make default, and not appear before the said Rulers. *Can*

None to be made Free till they have served Seven Years.

h XXVI. That no apprentice shall be made free of the said Company, unless he hath actually and *bona fide* served His Majesty, his heirs and successors, as a seaman, or his master or mistress as a waterman or lighterman, for the term of two years before having been permitted by him or her to go to sea on board any merchant ship: and during seven years in the whole, to be accounted from the ~~true and real~~ time of such binding, after which he shall be ~~only~~ entitled to his freedom of the said Company, provided his said master or mistress shall have received the wages of such apprentice

Aug. to the 25th Feb.

+ Persons having sold apprenticeships not
to use with in our Courts upon the River until
they first take up their freedom

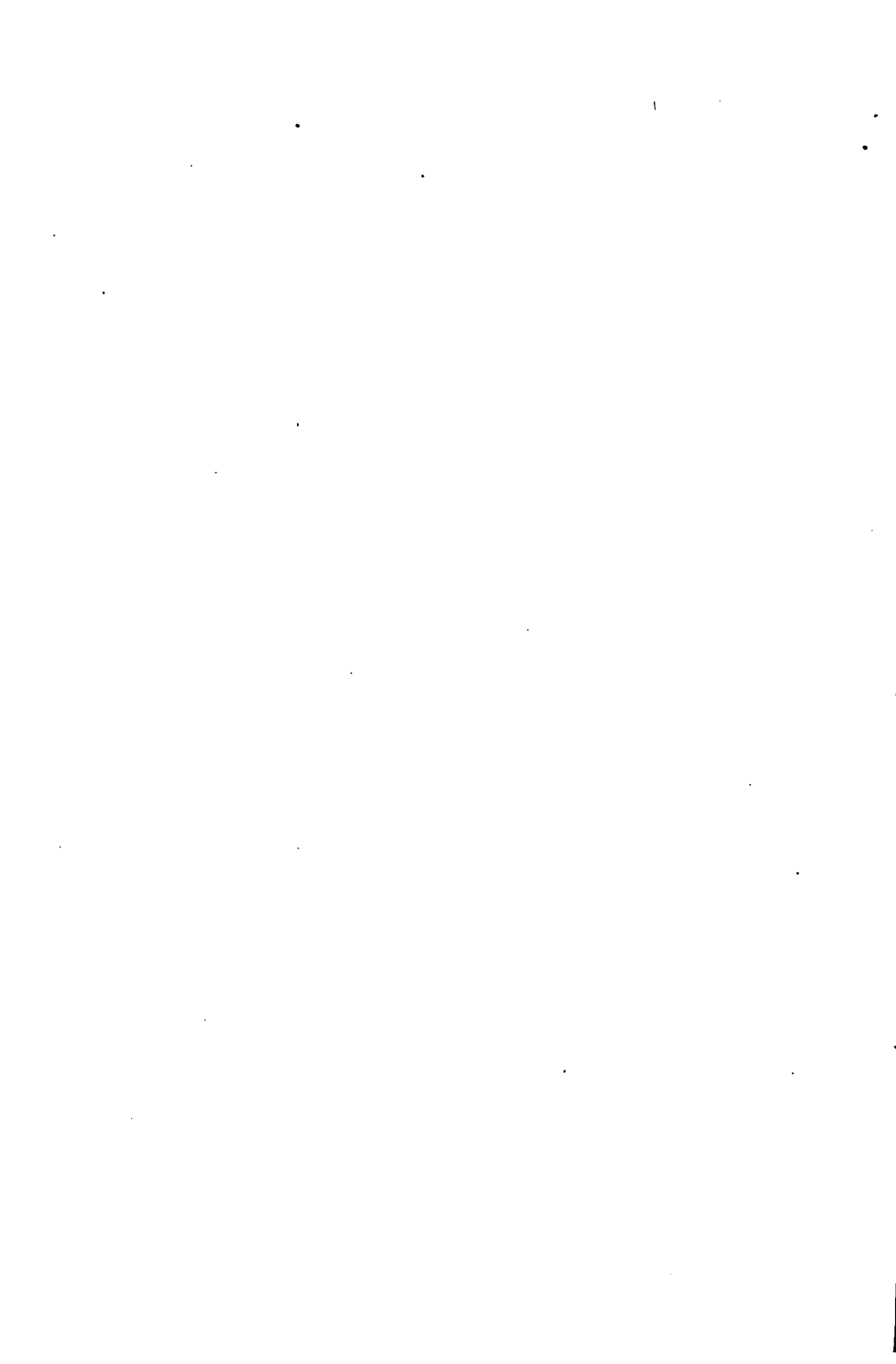
That if any person who hath sold his
apprenticeship shall at any time or times after
one month from the expiration thereof use with
row or in any manner navigate any barge boat
or wherry upon the said River before he hath taken
up his freedom of it? Contrary he shall for every
such offence forfeit & pay a sum of money not
exceeding 20. ——— nor less than 5

while so serving on board any merchantman, or in His Majesty's Navy, or shall have been otherwise satisfied by such apprentice, as herein-before is mentioned; and all freedoms shall be made and passed in the presence of the major part of the Rulers, who, with the Clerk of the Company for the time being, shall attest and subscribe their names thereunto; and every Ruler or Clerk who shall neglect his duty therein, shall forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~, a sum not less than three pounds. And every person made free contrary to these rules, shall be struck out of the Company's books, and the freedom of such person so obtained, shall be null and void. And that no apprentice duly entitled to be made free of the said Company, shall be denied his freedom; and in case any Ruler or Clerk of the said Company being thereunto requested by any apprentice, shall refuse to do his duty in this behalf, every person so offending, shall for every such offence forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~, a sum not exceeding three pounds. And the Clerk of the said Company for the time being, shall register from time to time every person made free of the said Company within ten days next after such freedom being granted, and the day and year when such freedom was granted, and the true name and place of abode of every person so made free; and if the said Clerk shall omit or neglect so to do, he shall for every such offence forfeit and pay ~~to the use aforesaid~~, a sum not less than forty shillings, and not exceeding three pounds.

Every Waterman made Free to pay Eight Shillings, and after being made Free to pay certain Quarterage.

XXVII. That from henceforth every waterman or lighterman who shall take up his freedom of the said Company, shall upon the granting such freedom, pay for and towards such public use or uses of the said Company, as the ~~Rulers, Auditors, Comp-trollers, and Assistants, or the major part of them~~ shall direct or appoint, the sum of eight shillings. And that all and every person and persons already made free, or hereafter to be made free of ~~this~~ Company, shall pay every quarter, that is to say, Lady-day, Midsummer-day, Michaelmas, and Christmas, to the use of the said Company, the sum of nine-pence; and if such person or persons shall have a lighter number granted to him or them, such person or persons shall, so long as he or they hold the same, pay an additional quarterage of three shillings a year, by equal quarterly payments at the respective quarter-days herein before-mentioned, and in case of non-payment of the said respective quarterages at the Hall of the Company, within the space of one calendar month next after Midsummer-day in every year, such person and persons making default, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence the sum of five shillings ~~to the use aforesaid~~; provided, that if any such member or members be absent at or beyond sea, that the time for payment of the respective quarterages aforesaid shall be extended to one calendar month next after his or their return, when,

He said



if the same shall not be paid at the said Hall, he or they shall forfeit and pay as aforesaid.

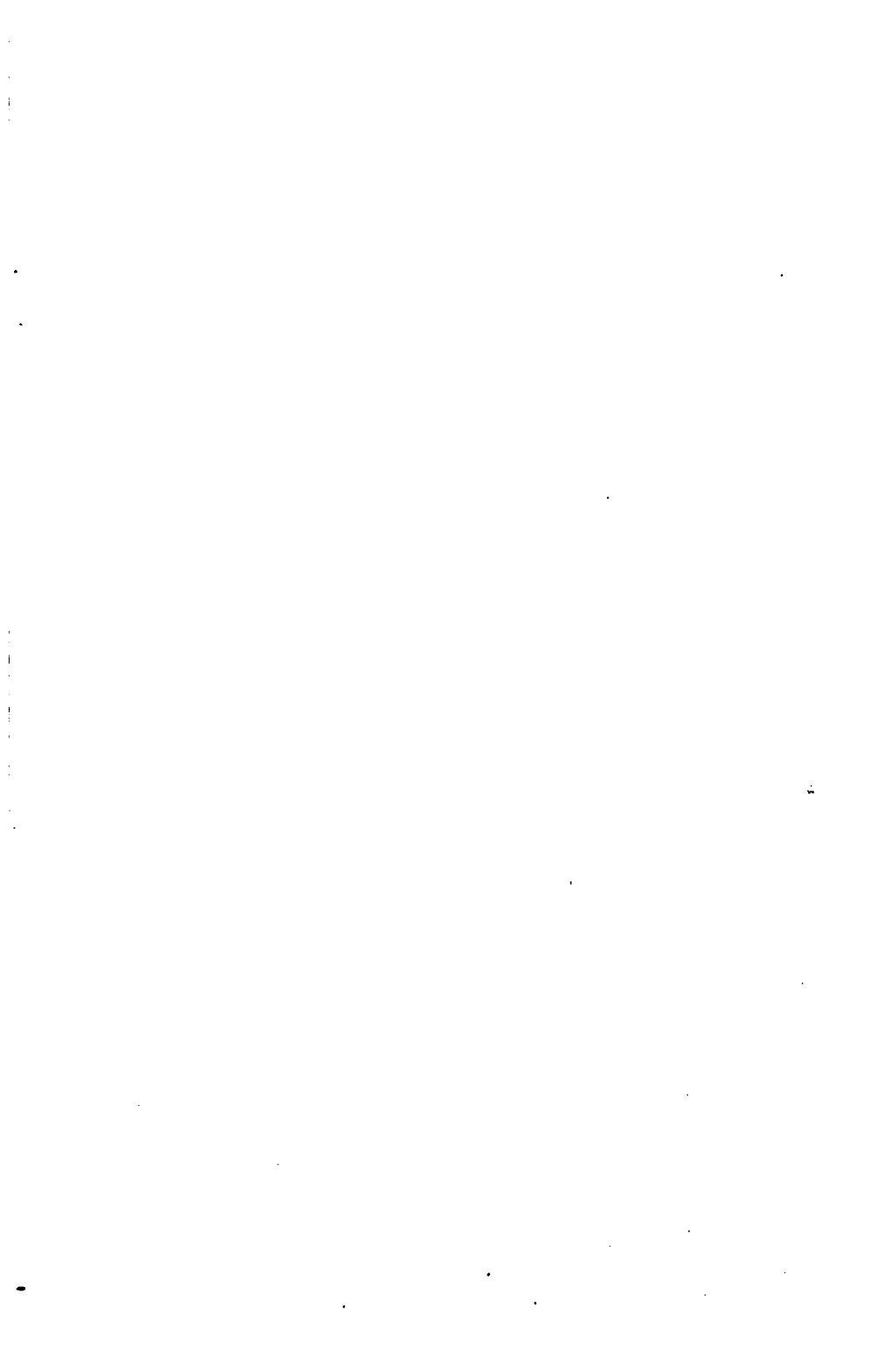
Register to be made.

XXVIII. In order to make and form a complete register of the Owners or Proprietors of all and every boat and boats, lighter and lighters, or other craft to be hereafter used or employed in carrying or conveying fares, passengers, goods, wares, or merchandize upon the River of Thames, between Gravesend and Windsor, and thereby enable any person injured to view, search for, and discover offenders against any of the Rules, Orders, and Constitutions, now or at any time hereafter to be made, or against the several statutes now in force, concerning Watermen, Wherry-men, and Lightermen; every such Owner or Proprietor shall (unless such boat and boats, lighter and lighters, and other craft, hath or have been already registered as hereinafter is mentioned,) within thirty days next after the Rules and Orders herein contained shall have been allowed, approved, printed, and made public in manner directed by the said Act of Parliament, ~~and~~ every future Owner or Proprietor, as soon as he or she becomes such Owner or Proprietor, shall deliver, or cause to be delivered in writing to the Clerk of the ^{Said} ~~Waterman's~~ Company, at Waterman's Hall, London, his or her name, place of abode, number and numbers, and usual plying place and plying places, (if a wherry or other boat used for carrying fares, or passengers,)

or usual mooring place or mooring places, (if a lighter, barge, large boat, or other craft employed in carrying or conveying goods) and so upon any change of his or her plying place, or plying places, mooring place or mooring places, immediately after such change, which shall be forthwith entered by the said Clerk in a Register Book to be provided for that purpose. And in case any boat or boats, lighter or lighters, or other craft, shall be occupied or used in carrying or conveying fares, passengers, goods, wares, or merchandizes as aforesaid, without an entry being previously made in manner aforesaid, every Owner or Proprietor so offending, shall for every such offence, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than ten shillings, and shall immediately after being convicted of any offence herein above-mentioned, deliver, or cause to be delivered in, a true account of such particulars, according to the directions herein above-mentioned, under the penalty herein last above-mentioned, and so on from time to time, as often as such offence shall be committed.

Lighters, and large Boats and Craft—Owner's Names, Places of Abode, and Number to be painted thereon.

XXIX. That every Owner or Proprietor of any lighter, barge, large boat, or craft to be employed in carrying or conveying goods on the River Thames from and after thirty days next after the allowance of these Rules, shall have his,



her, or their name or names, and place of abode, or mooring place, and also the name and number of the lighter painted at full length in large capital letters and figures, the number not less than four inches long, and broad in proportion, and the letters not less than three inches long, and broad in proportion, on the bows of the lighters, and on the hudds, boards or sterns of barges, and abaft the back board thwart upon the linings of open lug boats, and on the upper part of the front of the bulk head of decked lug boats, so that the same may be always in the day time plainly seen by persons passing on the said river ; and shall, from time to time, keep the same so as always to appear plain and legible. And every Owner or Proprietor shall not have two lighters, barges, large boats, or craft of the same name. And if any Proprietor shall omit to have his, her, or their name or names, place of abode, or mooring place, name of the craft, and number painted on such lighters, barges, large boats, and craft in the respective places, and in manner aforesaid, or if any person shall use any lighter, barge, large boat, or craft, without the real Owner's or Proprietor's name, place of abode, or mooring place, name of craft, and number thereon as aforesaid, or shall wilfully conceal, obliterate, or alter the figures, name or number of any lighter, barge, large boat, or craft, or the name or place of abode of the Owner or Proprietor which shall have been painted upon the same, or shall have two lighters, barges, large boats, or craft, of the same name, every person so offending

in any of the cases aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than five shillings, and shall immediately after being convicted of such offence, have the real Owner's and Proprietor's true name, place of abode, name of craft, and number painted thereon according to the directions herein above-mentioned, and so on from time to time, as often as such offence shall be committed. ✕

Owner's Name, Number, and plying Place of Wherrys and small Boats to be painted on Wherrys, &c.

XXX. That every Owner or Proprietor of any wherry or boat used for carrying fares or passengers, within thirty days after the allowance of these rules according to the directions of the said Act, and every future Owner or Proprietor shall have a back-board to the same, of not less than ten inches in depth, and shall have his, her, or their name or names, and usual plying place painted at full length in large capital letters, not less than two inches long, and broad in proportion, upon the linings on each side just abaft the back board, and the number given or granted to them respectively by the Waterman's Company in plain figures of the before-mentioned dimensions, painted on both sides just abaft the wherritt stoppers ; and also the number in plain figures, not less than three inches long, and broad in proportion, painted on the front of the back-board at least six inches above the sitting board of every such wherry or other boat ; and shall from time to time take care to continue

+ And that if any Wisconsinian shall use any lighter barge
large boat or other craft which is not actually and bona fide
and registered as such
his or their own property, he or they shall forfeit & pay for every
such offense a sum of money not exceeding \$50
nor less than 5

my boat

stiff not in any other

and keep the same there, so as always to appear plain and legible; and if any such Owner shall omit to have a back-board as aforesaid, to such wherry or other boat, or his or her name or names, usual plying place, and number painted in the respective places and in manner aforesaid; or if any person shall use any such wherry or other boat without the real Owner's name, usual plying place, and number thereon as aforesaid, or if any person shall wilfully conceal, obliterate, or alter any of the words, letters, figures, or number which shall have been painted on any such wherry or other boat, or on such back board, every person offending in any of the cases aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings, and shall immediately after being convicted of any offence herein above-mentioned, have the Owner's true name or names, and usual plying place, and number painted on such wherry or boat according to the directions herein above-mentioned, under the penalty herein next above-mentioned, and so on from time to time as often as such offence shall be committed.

Size of Wherries or Boats for Fares.

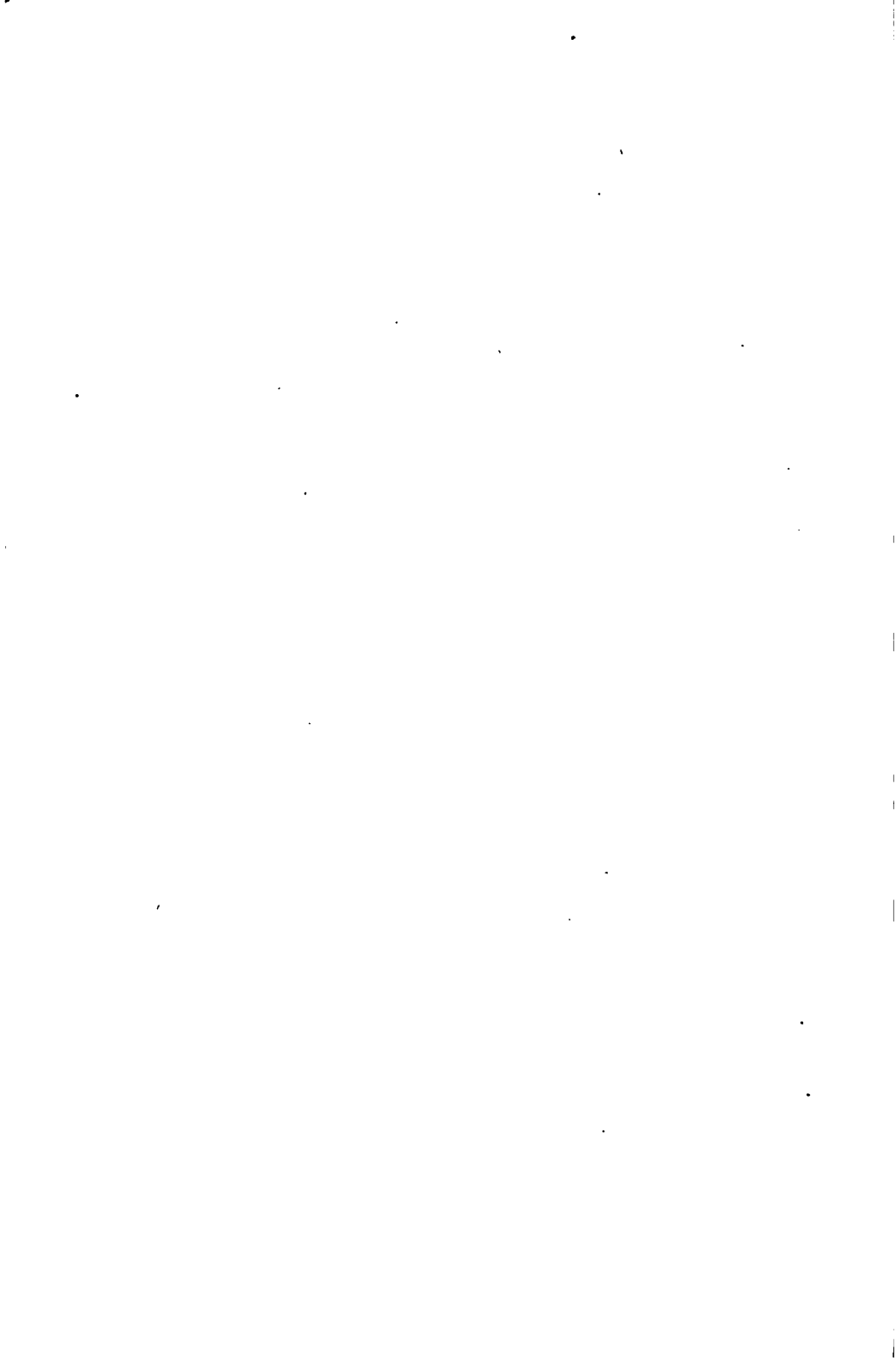
XXXI. That no Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, shall ply with, or take or carry a fare, or passenger, in a boat or wherry, which is

of less dimensions than twenty feet six inches in the keel, four feet six inches in width in the midships, one foot six inches in depth in the midships alongside the garboard streak, three feet one inch wide in the floor before the spray thwart, three feet one inch and a half wide in the floor of the main thwart, and two feet eight inches and a half wide in the floor at the backboard thwart, on pain of forfeiting for every offence a sum of money not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings. Provided however that this by-law shall not extend to the boats and wherries of less dimensions now in use.

Stairs, plying Places, and Causeways to be kept clean.

5 XXXII. That every Waterman and Wherryman and his Apprentice, and the Apprentice of every Waterman's or Wherryman's Widow, shall at all times have and keep the stairs, plying places, and causeways which they belong to, or most usually ply at, clean and free from mud and filth, so that all persons taking water or landing there, may go to or from the boats or wherries, without inconvenience, on pain that each and every of them in neglect thereof shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five; and in case the roads-end Man, or last Waterman or Wherryman or Apprentice who comes to any stairs, or plying place, shall neglect or refuse to clean (if necessary) such stairs, plying place, or causeway thereof; or if any Waterman, Wherryman, or Lighterman, or the ~~Servant~~ or Apprentice of any Waterman, Wherryman,

already built and now in use and which shall have been
marked as such by the Rules of Howard Company with a
brand mark of the arms of Co. on the inner side of the
Harbored ^{quarters}
on or before the day of 1927
A



or Lighterman; or Waterman, Wherryman, or Lighterman's Widow shall leave his boat aground, or wash his boat on the causeway of any stairs or plying place, during the usual hours of plying, each of them so offending, shall for every such offence forfeit and pay a sum of money not exceeding², nor less than¹ ~~lastly herein before-mentioned~~.

Boats to be kept clean.

- 6 XXXIII. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or his Apprentice, or the Apprentice ~~or-Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, shall ply a fare, and not have his boat or wherry clean, decent, and well conditioned, fit for the reception and carrying of fares and passengers, or being at any stairs or plying place, shall wilfully neglect to have his boat or wherry clean, decent, and well conditioned, fit for the carrying and reception of fares and passengers, every such Waterman ~~or Wherryman,~~ Apprentice ~~or-Servant~~ so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Limitation of Time for carrying Fares beyond certain places.

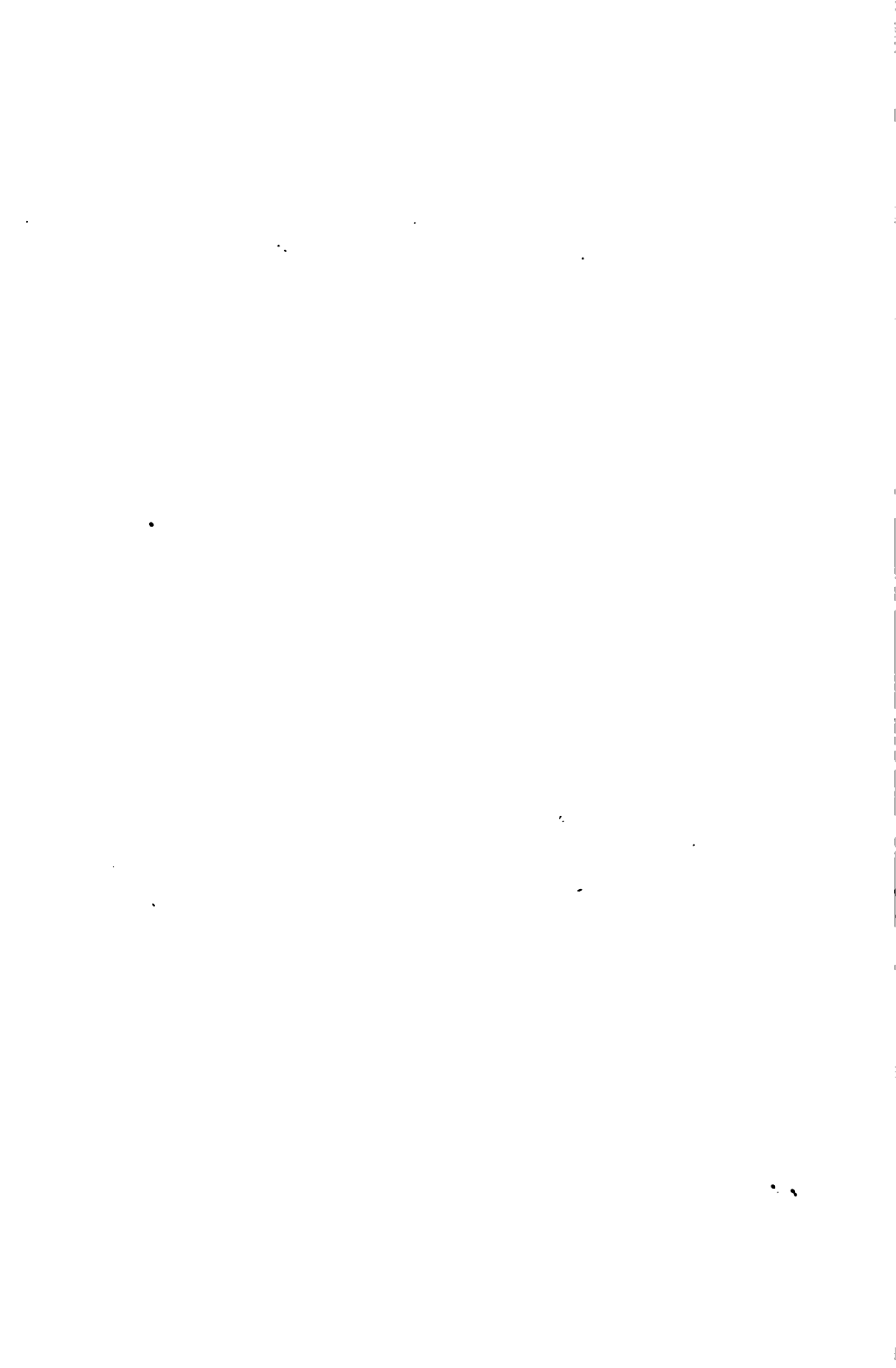
- 2 XXXIV. That no Waterman nor Wherryman, nor the Apprentice ~~or-Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, nor the Apprentice ~~or-Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow shall be compellable to carry any fare, passenger, passengers or goods below Cuckold's Point and Limehouse-hole stairs, eastward of London Bridge,

and Vauxhall Bridge, westward of London Bridge, after five of the clock in the afternoon, from Michaelmas-day to Lady-day, or after nine of the clock in the evening, from Lady-day to Michaelmas-day, any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Passage Boats to be marked as such, and not liable to go other Fares, but not to set down within certain limits.

XXXV. That all and every Passage Boat and Boats used for the purpose of carrying or conveying passengers, goods, wares, or merchandize from any town or place, towns or places, between Gravesend and Windsor to London, or to any other town or place, and back again, shall have the words "Passage Boat from Putney to London," (or as the case may be) painted upon the linings abaft the back board thwarts of such boat and boats, in distinct letters of not less than two inches in length, and broad in proportion; and that such Passage Boat or Boats so distinguished, or the person or persons working the same, shall not be compelled or compellable to take or carry fares or passengers to any other landing place or places, than such Passage Boat or Boats usually go to or touch at, any thing in these Rules, Orders, and Constitutions to the contrary notwithstanding. And no such Passage Boat or Boats going from any place or places, within the limits of the Sunday ferrys, shall take on board to carry any passenger or passengers, goods, wares, or merchan-





dize, for the purpose, ~~or~~ with intent to set down or land ~~such passenger~~ or passengers, goods, wares, or merchandize, at any other place or places within the limits of the said ferry, on pain of forfeiting for every such offence, a sum of money not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

When Passage Boats are compellable to take Fares.

XXXVI. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, whether belonging to a regular Passage Boat or Wherry, which shall be found in the situation of any other boat or wherry, not a passage boat, plying for fares, or to any boat or wherry, not at any time used as a passage boat, but generally plying for hire, shall for any evasive purpose, represent whilst such passage boat is not working or plying regularly, as a passage boat, that he is not to be compelled to take a fare, other than to the place or places for which he plies as a passage boat, or shall for the like purpose, represent that any boat or wherry is a passage boat, when in fact it is not, he shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than twenty shillings.

Waterman engaged not to bring his Boat to the Stairs, nor be himself in the plying Place.

10 XXXVII. That if any Waterman or Wherry-

man, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, shall be engaged and in waiting for his fare or passengers, his boat or wherry shall be kept or placed at a convenient distance from the stairs or causeway, where he is so waiting, and not be brought to the stairs or causeway until his fare or passengers are ready to get into his boat or wherry; and if any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow so engaged and in waiting as aforesaid, shall bring or place, and unnecessarily continue his boat or wherry to and at the stairs or side of the causeway, before his fare or passengers are ready to get into the same, or shall himself be in the plying place belonging to such stairs or causeway, he shall for every such offence, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Boats not to be at Stairs or Causeway if Waterman absent from plying place.

11

XXXVIII. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, shall place his boat or wherry at any stairs or causeway, and let such boat or wherry remain or continue in that situation, while he wilfully absents





or shall take a farm having another at the same time

himself from the plying place belonging thereto, or if he shall not be ready to take a fare or passengers into his boat or wherry so placed as aforesaid, in turn or as required, he shall for every such offence, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Waterman not to avoid a Fare.

12

XXXIX. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, who is, or shall be at any stairs or plying place between Gravesend and Windsor, shall wilfully avoid or attempt to avoid any fare or passengers coming to or being at such stairs or plying place for the purpose of taking a boat or wherry, or shall omit or neglect to ply, or refuse or omit to take such fare or passengers enquiring for, or desirous of taking such boat or wherry, or shall say or represent that he is hired or engaged, when he is not hired or engaged, or shall not answer when called by the number or numbers of his or their boat or wherry, he shall for every such offence forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Information to be given who are the first Oars or Scullers.

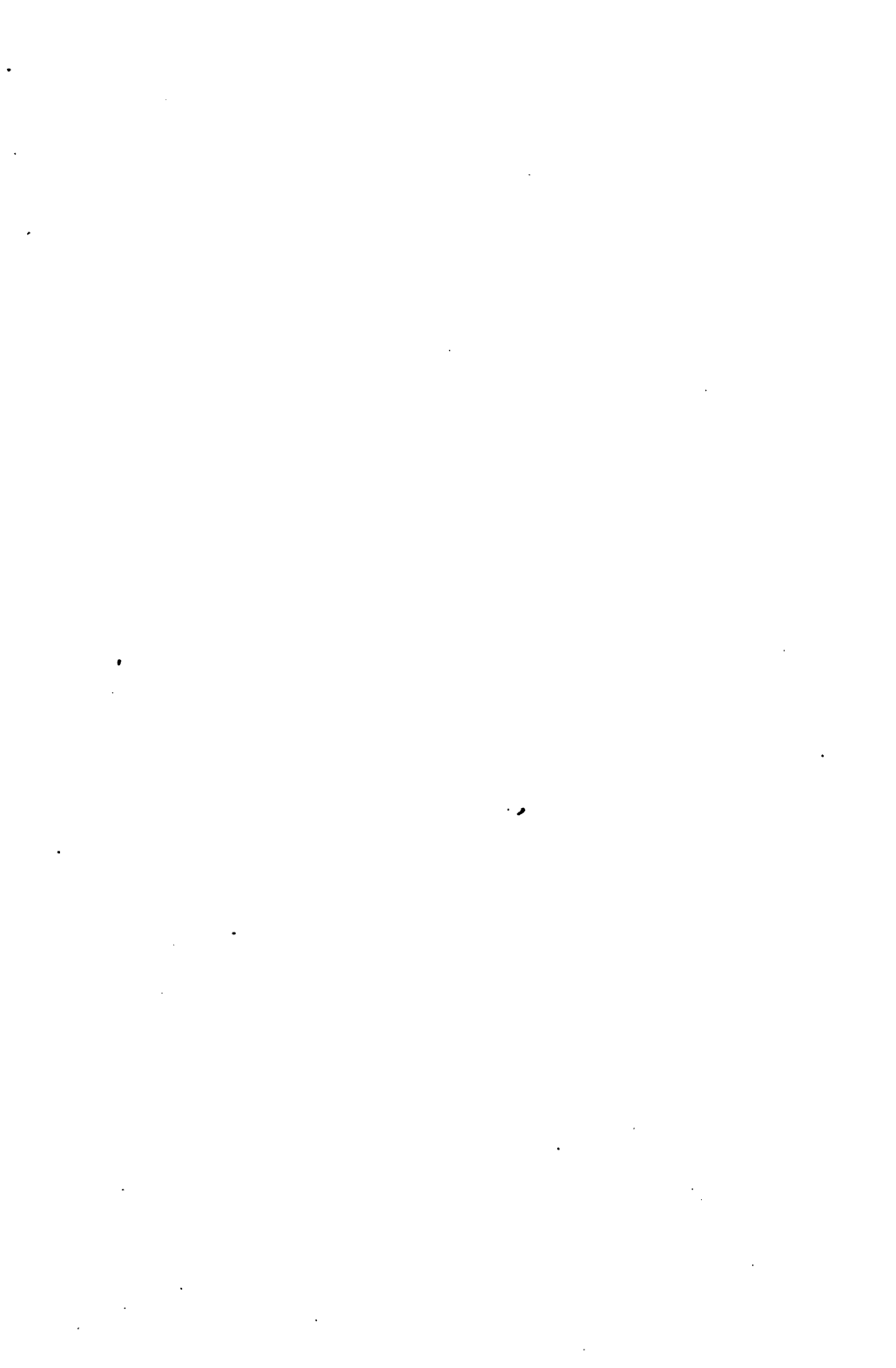
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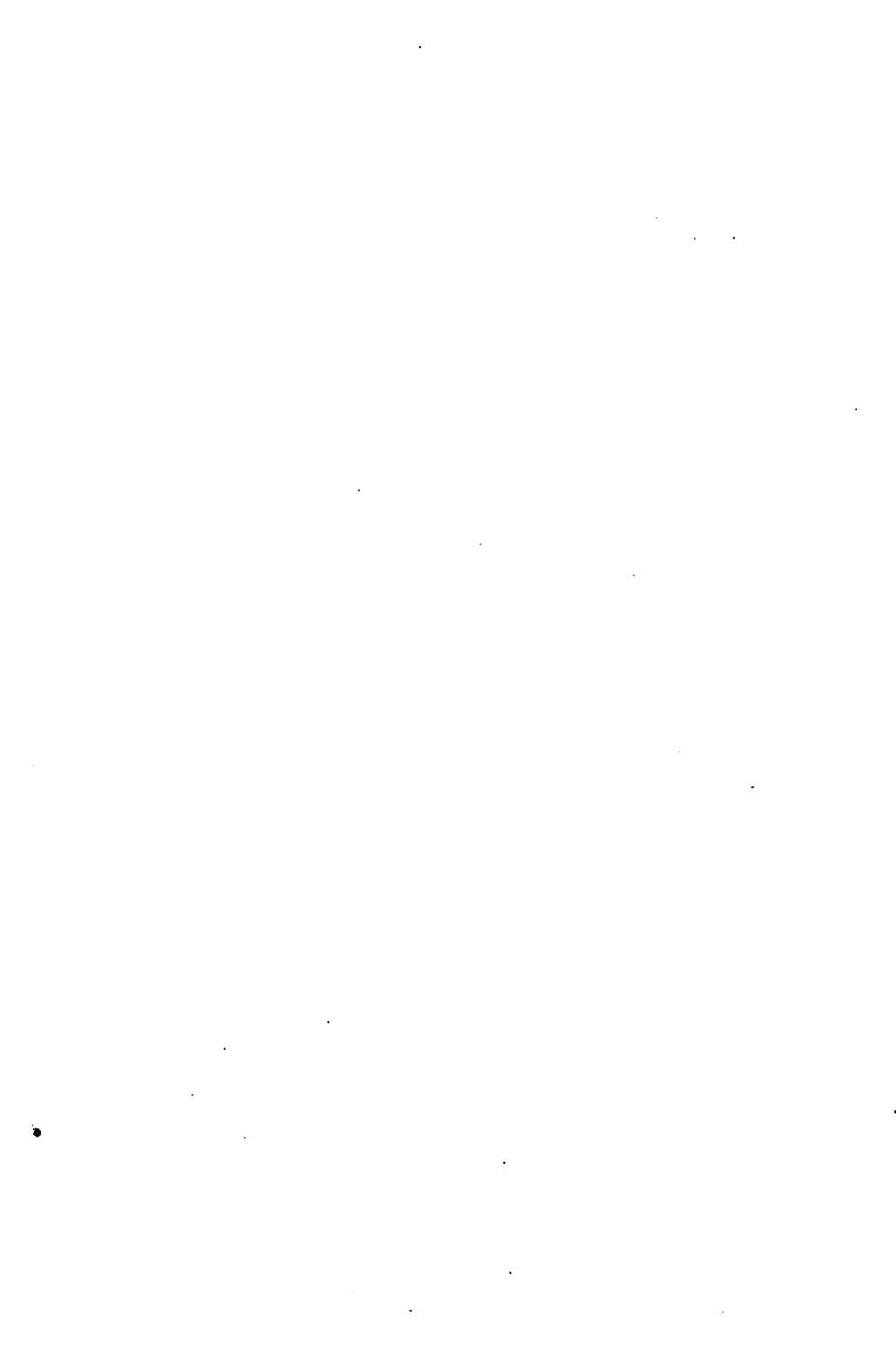
XL. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any

Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, shall wilfully refuse or decline to give to any passenger, or to any person landing, or having landed, or about to take water, the name of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, standing or being at or near any stairs or plying place, upon request, or shall wilfully give any false or fictitious name, or shall wilfully refuse or decline as aforesaid, to give as aforesaid, upon request, the number of the boat or wherry, or the name of the person whose turn it is to be first oars or first sculler, at any stairs, causeway, or plying place, he shall for every such offence, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than ten shillings.

Rules for plying Fares.

14. XLI. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, shall hereafter ply any fare for the purpose of carrying such fare, or any goods or merchandize before such fare shall have arrived at the public place of being plied, or shall stand and ply without the limits of the plying place, from time to time set forth, and appointed by the Rulers of the Waterman's Company for the time being, or their order, or shall follow any fare when taking water beyond the following mark set forth and appointed by the said Rulers to





restrain such fare, every person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offence any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Not to ply unless his Boat at Stairs.

- 15 XLII. That if any Waterman or Wherryman or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, shall ply any fare or passengers, or be and continue in any plying place for the purpose of obtaining any fare or passengers between Gravesend and Windsor, except his boat or wherry be at the stairs, or at the causeway where he shall so ply, in a convenient situation to receive the said fare, or passengers, without hindrance or delay, every person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offence any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Not to detain Fare or misbehave.

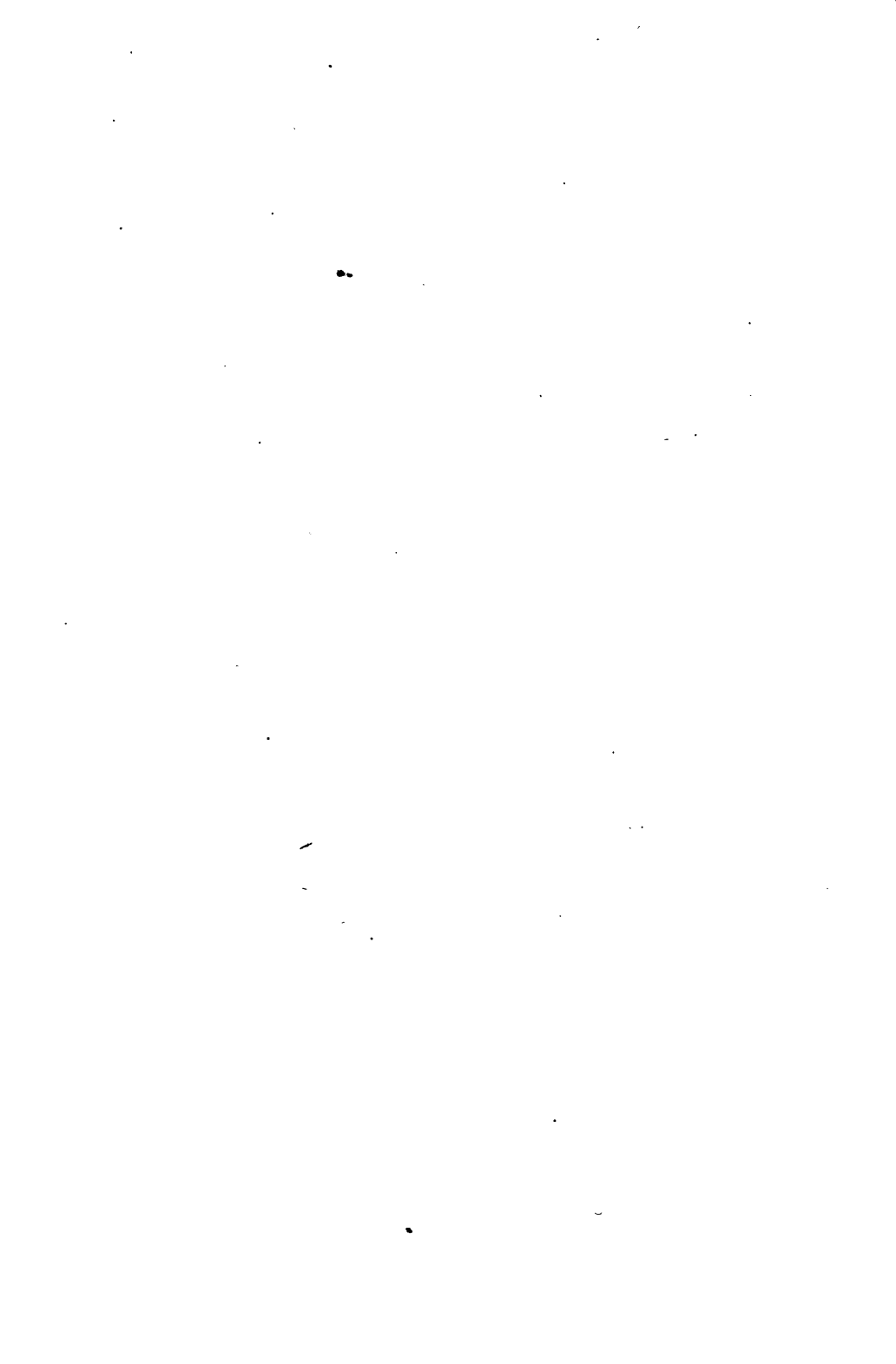
- 16 XLIII. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, shall abuse or wrongfully detain any fare, or otherwise misbehave himself, every person so offending shall for every such offence forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Refusing or neglecting to take Fare.

17 XLIV. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, shall ply any fare or passengers, and afterwards refuse to take such fare or passengers to such place or places as they shall respectively direct, ~~or~~ shall unnecessarily delay any fare or passengers, by not bringing up his boat or wherry for the fare or passengers to get into the same, or by continuing at the stairs or causeway after such fare or passenger is or are in his boat or wherry, or by not proceeding with due diligence and exertion, and without wilful let or hindrance, to such place or places as the said fare or passenger shall lawfully direct, every person so offending shall for every such offence forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

~~None~~ ^{vi.} to hinder others passing to or from the stairs.

(d) XLV. That no Lighterman, Waterman, or Wherryman, nor the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Lighterman, Waterman, or Wherryman, nor the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Lighterman, Waterman, or Wherryman's Widow, shall lay or cause to be laid, any boat or wherry at his staff, unless clear of the roads-end, or any boat, wherry, barge, lighter, or craft, before any of the public stairs, or any plying place or causeway, so as to obstruct, hinder, or prevent the due and orderly



or permit or suffer to be postured.

passing of any boat, wherry, barge, lighter, or craft, unto or from any of the public stairs, or plying places, or causeways, but shall lie clear of the said stairs, plying place, places, or causeways, ~~and~~ every person so offending, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Not to obstruct any other Waterman or Passengers.

- 19 XLVI. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, shall by improperly placing his boat or wherry, or by any other means obstruct any other Waterman or Wherryman, or his Apprentice ~~or Servant~~, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any other Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, in taking in or landing any passenger or passengers, or shall obstruct such passenger or passengers in getting into or out of such boat or wherry, he shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Not to tow a Boat when carrying a Passenger without consent.

- 20 XLVII. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, having in his boat or wherry any passenger or passengers, shall presume to fasten to his said boat or wherry any

other boat to tow the same, without the consent of such [^]passenger or passengers, he shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Exacting more than Fare.

2 /

XLVIII. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, ^{or any person} ~~authorized to row upon the said river of Thames,~~ between Gravesend and Windsor, shall ~~ask and receive, or demand~~ ^{or exact} more for his or their labour or fare than is, or shall be limited, set, and assessed by the Mayor and Court of Aldermen of the City of London, under the authority of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the 2d and 3d years of the reign of their late Majesties Philip and Mary, intituled, "An Act touching Watermen and Bargemen, upon the river of Thames," every person so offending, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding ^{twenty} ~~twenty~~ shillings, nor less than five shillings.

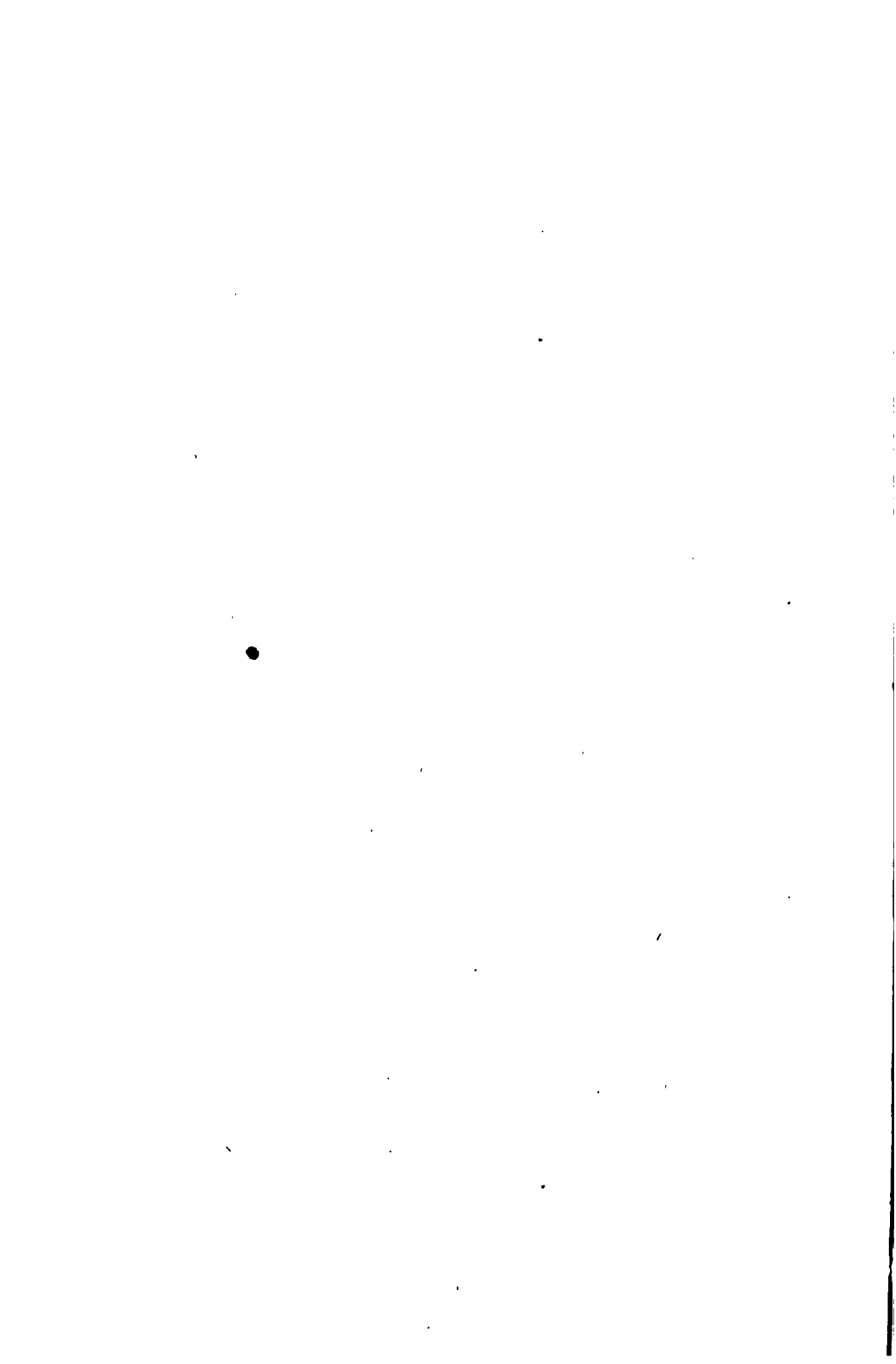
2 2

Watermen not to take the whole Fare after agreeing to take less.

XLIX. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or ^{the} ~~the~~ Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Widow of any Waterman or Wherryman, or her Apprentice ~~or Servant~~, or any person on his or her behalf, with his or her

or rope

The history book at the junction



knowledge and consent, shall agree beforehand with any person or persons, to take for hire of his or her boat or wherry, any lesser sum than the rate by law allowed, and such Waterman or Wherryman, or his Apprentice ~~or Servant~~, or the Widow of a Waterman or Wherryman, or her Apprentice ~~or Servant~~, shall afterwards demand or exact more than the sum so agreed for, every person so offending, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding ~~twenty~~ ^{forty} shillings, nor less than five shillings.

23

When rowing with the Tide to give others Notice.

L. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, rowing with the tide or stream, shall neglect to give notice or warning (which he is hereby required to give) at a reasonable distance, to all persons rowing across or against the stream or tide, and if any damage shall happen therefrom, every person so neglecting to give such notice or warning, shall for every such offence, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than ten shillings. And every Waterman, Wherryman, Apprentice, ~~or Servant~~, who shall wilfully or negligently interrupt, or in any wise hinder the passing or landing of any barge or boat carrying passengers, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Long Ferry westward, not to take more than eight Passengers, or to go to intermediate Stairs.

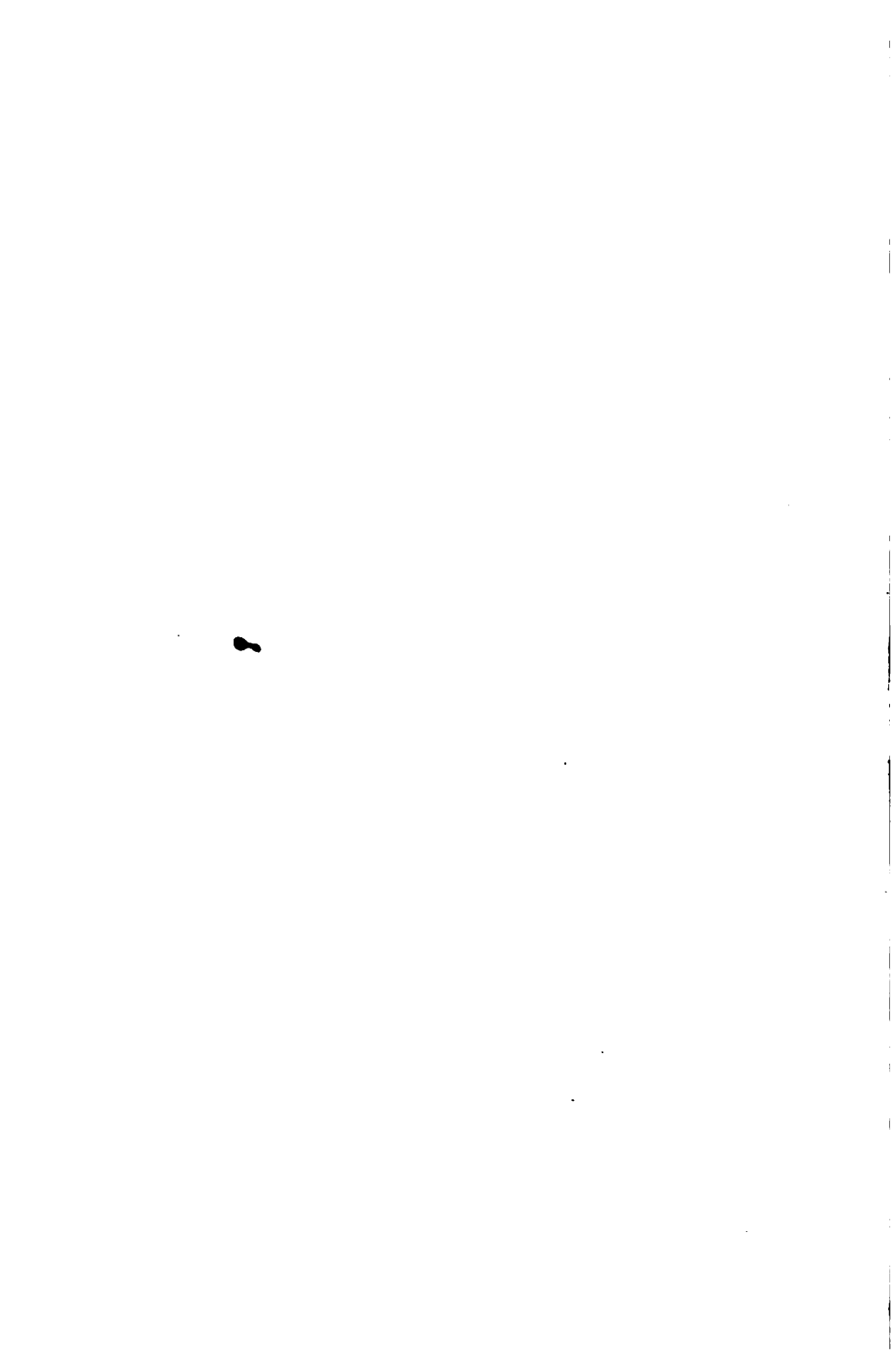
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LI. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, plying with a passage boat, to take passengers to any place between Windsor and Woolwich, shall receive or take into any boat or wherry, or have therein above the number of eight passengers at one time, or shall carry any passenger from the place at which he first plied to any other stairs or place, with an intent to ply or take any other passenger in by the way, (except such passenger as stands and calls any such Waterman or Wherryman, ^{Apprentice} ~~or Servant~~, as he is passing along) every person so offending, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, a sum not exceeding three pounds, nor less than five shillings.

Not to ply any Fare about to take water with another.

25

LII. That no Waterman or Wherryman, nor ~~the~~ ^{he,} ~~Apprentice or Servant of any Waterman or Wherryman,~~ nor the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, plying with a passage, or other boat or wherry, shall hereafter ply any fare about to take water with some other Waterman (whose proper turn it is) for the town stairs, or plying place at which he lives or plies, (except such fare shall signify his or her knowledge of such Waterman, or the Water-



man prove his knowledge of such fare, or the said fare shall ask for a Waterman living or plying at such respective town ~~on stairs~~ ^{or plying there} on pain that every person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offence any sum not exceeding twenty shillings nor less than five shillings.

None to work on the Lord's day or revile or strike another.

26 LIII. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or ~~the~~ ^{any} Apprentice ~~or Servant of any Waterman or Wherryman~~, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow, shall on the Lord's day, commonly called Sunday, ply or row upon the said river unless legally authorised so to do; or shall strike, swear at, revile, or abuse any Ruler, Auditor, Assistant, Comptroller, Clerk, or Beadle of the said Company, or any other Waterman or Lighterman, or the Widow, ^{any} Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Lighterman, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Lighterman's Widow, or any passenger upon the said river, or any person who has landed, or is about to take water, or shall ply or row when drunk, or shall suffer any fare, unskilled or drunk, to row with both sculls, or shall curse or swear, or use any indecent language when about to take, or carrying a fare, every person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offence any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Persons not to be obstructed in taking N^o of Boat.

27 LIV. That if any Waterman or Wherryman, or ~~the Apprentice or Servant of any Waterman or Wherryman~~, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Waterman or Wherryman's Widow shall prevent, obstruct, or hinder any person or persons from taking the name or number, or plying place, painted on any craft, boat, or wherry, on the river Thames, between Gravesend and Windsor, he shall for every such offence forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Master to produce Apprentice before Magistrate to make satisfaction.

20 LV. That in case the Owner or Owners of any lighter or lighter-built vessel or craft, or any boat or wherry, shall not produce, or cause to be produced, his, her, or their Apprentice, or other person, ~~permitted by him, her, or them to navigate,~~ row, or work such lighter, or lighter-built vessel, or craft, boat or wherry, to the Magistrate or Rulers before whom such Apprentice or person shall be charged with any offence against the Laws, Statutes, Rules, Orders, and Constitutions, which now are, or at any time hereafter shall be in force, at the time to be appointed, for hearing and determining the said offence, the said Owner or Owners being required so to do, by notice in writing given or left at his, her, or their usual place of abode, then, and in any such case, such Owner or Owners

for every such office

of every such lighter or lighter-built vessel, craft, boat, or wherry, shall be liable to answer, and shall pay the penalty incurred by any such Apprentice or other person as aforesaid; and if such Apprentice or other person as aforesaid, shall be afterwards found, and shall not make satisfaction forthwith to the said Owner or Owners for what he, she, or they, shall have paid for any such Apprentice or other person's misbehaviour, neglect or default, every such Apprentice or other person as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay for every such default any sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than ten shillings.

Gravesend Boats—Chief Steersman—No. of Passengers, &c.

- 29 LVI. That if any person shall act as Master, or Chief Steersman of any Gravesend Boat or passage Boat whatsoever, from Gravesend to London, or from London to Gravesend, until approved or licensed so to do, by the General Court of the Waterman's Company, every person so offending shall forfeit and pay not less than twenty shillings, and not exceeding the sum of three pounds; provided, nevertheless, that it shall be lawful for the Rulers of the Company, for the time being, or the major part of them, on application made to them in intervals between the holding of General Courts, to grant a licence or licences to any person or persons to act as aforesaid, until the next General Court shall be holden; and if such licence or

licences shall not then be confirmed, the same shall from thenceforth become void and be no longer in force. And no Master or Chief Steersman of any Gravesend Boat or Passage Boat as aforesaid, shall receive, or take into, or have, or carry on board his or their boat or boats above the number of ~~two~~ passengers for each and every registered ton burthen of such boat, and so after that rate, and the tonnage of every such Gravesend Boat or Passage Boat, and the number of passengers allowed to be carried therein at the rate aforesaid, shall be painted upon the after or most conspicuous part of the companion bulk head in large capital letters and figures not less than two inches long, and broad in proportion; and if any Master or Chief Steersman of such Boat, shall receive, or take into, or have, or carry on board such boat more than the number of passengers allowed to be carried therein as aforesaid, or shall work or use such boat without the true tonnage, and the number of persons allowed to be carried therein painted thereon as aforesaid, or if any person shall wilfully conceal, obliterate, or alter any of the words, letters, or figures, which shall have been painted on any such boat as aforesaid, every person offending in any of the cases aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, a sum of money not exceeding three pounds, nor less than twenty shillings.

Rules for plying the long Ferry.

LVII. That if any person plying the long ferry,

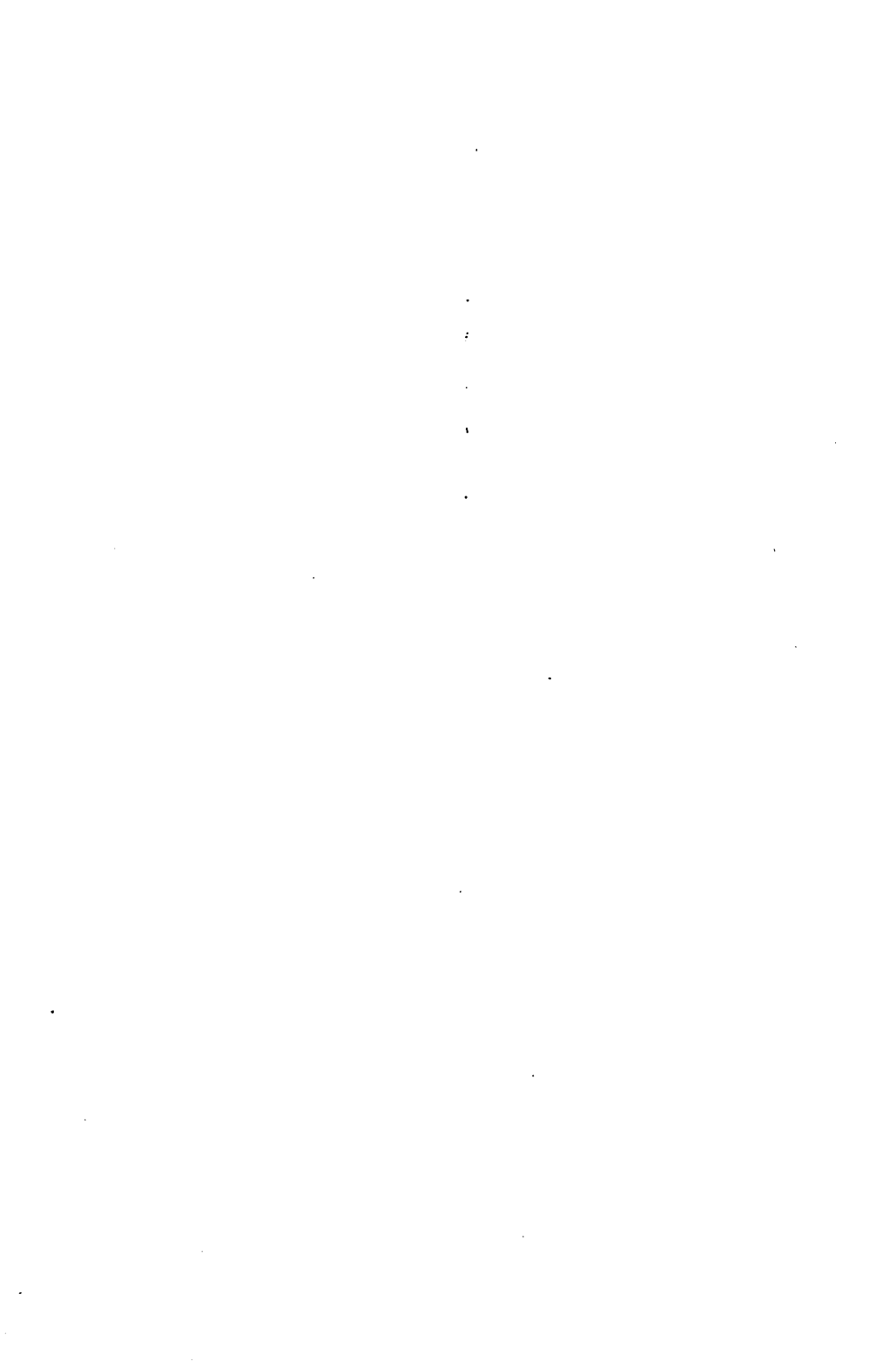
two struck at and a Hawk left

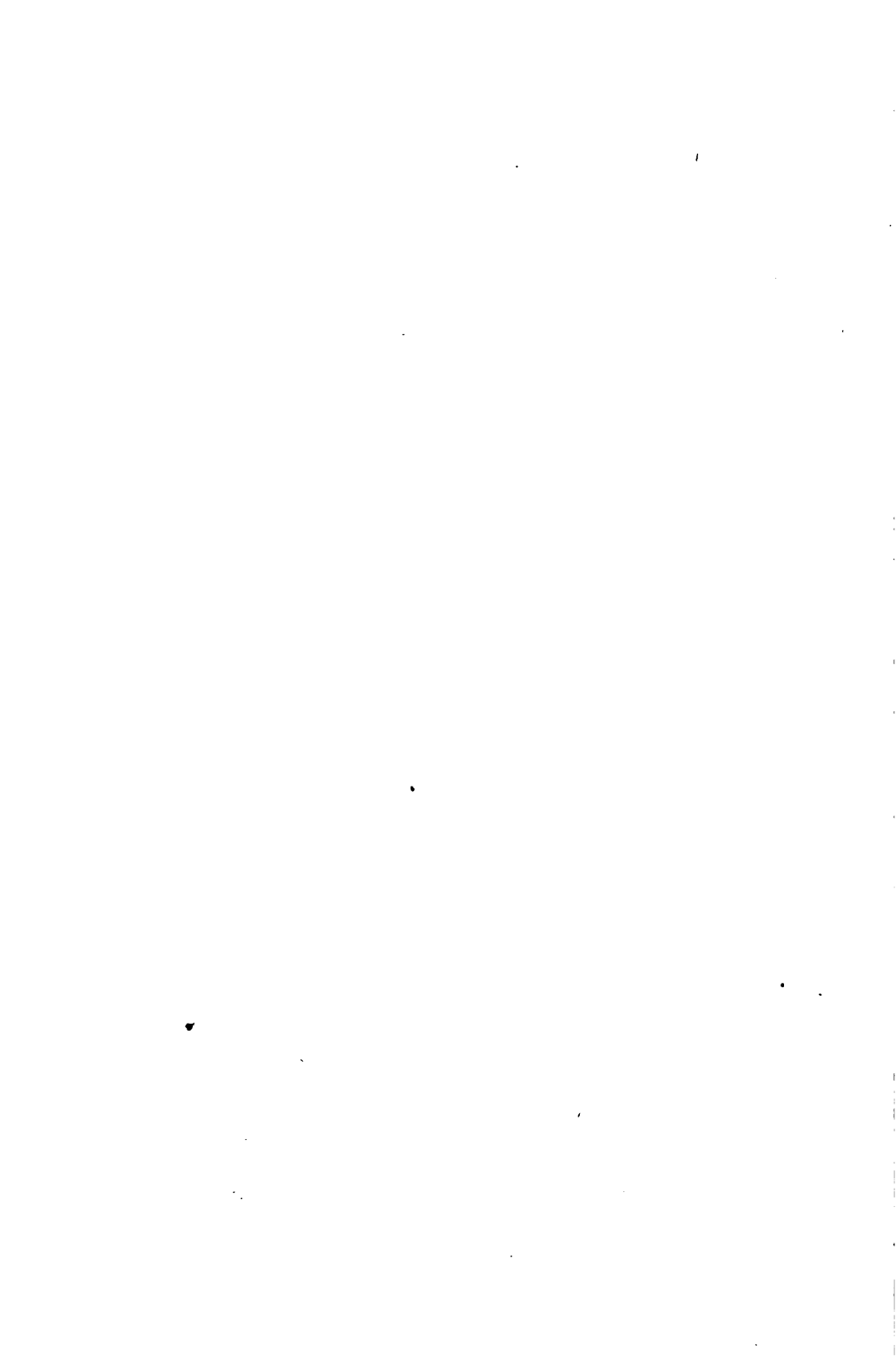
(that is to say) from Gravesend to London, or from London to Gravesend, shall make breach of, or stand before the public plying-place, or shall lay his hands on any coach or bridle of any horse, or on any fare or passenger, or their goods, without the consent or order of such fare or passenger, he shall forfeit and pay for every of the said offences, any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings. And if any of the said plyers having the promise of a fare or passenger, shall notwithstanding be interrupted by any other waterman, or person authorized by law to act as such, to the disturbing of such fare or passenger; or shall offer to take such fare or passenger for less than the usual price from time to time set forth and appointed as the law directs, or shall have more than one pleyer on shore to each boat, every person so offending, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings. And if any of the boat-keepers which ply the said ferry, shall come out of their boats to ply any fare or passenger, he shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings. And if any of the plyers to any boat shall declare against any other pleyer that he carries not the fare himself, but transfers them to another person, (although the same be true) yet notwithstanding he or they shall forfeit and pay as aforesaid for every such offence, any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings. And

2 if not like the first
 if any waterman or wherryman, or ^{him or the apprentice} ~~the apprentice, or~~
~~servant of any waterman or wherryman, or of any~~
 waterman or wherryman's widow, shall carry any
 fare or passenger on any Saturday night, the tide
 flowing at London after seven o'clock, and
 ebbing at Gravesend after the same hour, (in res-
 pect of the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday,
 next following, except allowed by some Justice of
 the Peace under his hand) he shall forfeit and pay
 for every such offence, any sum not exceeding
 twenty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Lighters shall have their turns.

31
 LVIII. That all and every person and persons
 navigating any lighter or lighters, or any other
 craft, to or from any ship or vessel, or any place of
 loading or unloading, (where they have a right to
 load or unload) shall observe their proper turn or turns,
 except in cases of loading or discharging ships or
 vessels where the master or commander of such
 ship or vessel shall otherwise necessarily direct,
 and the nature of the case shall require, (that is to
 say) the first lighter or craft laid on board the ship
 or vessel, or coming to any place of loading or
 unloading, to have the preference of the lighters or
 craft coming after, both in loading and place of lying
 till loaded or unloaded; and no person or persons
 shall by force, violence, or otherwise, hinder or pre-
 vent him, whose proper turn it is to load or unload,
 except as aforesaid, on pain of forfeiting and paying





for every such offence, any sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

Lighter in turn may exchange.

32

LIX. That if any Lighterman has any lighter or lighters, or other craft, lying on board, (in their turn) of any ship or vessel, the person working the said lighter or craft, may, when ~~his~~^{he} is next in turn, either dispose of his said turn, or may exchange turn with another person having any lighter, or other craft on board the said ship or vessel, provided the person with whom the exchange shall be made as aforesaid, shall load no more than the person ought to have loaded who made the exchange; and if any lighterman or his ~~servant or~~ apprentice, or the ~~servant or~~ apprentice of any lighterman's widow, shall obstruct or hinder the said disposal or exchange of the said turn, after the said parties have agreed to the same, every person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than ten shillings.

None to loosen a Lighter from its proper fast.

33

LX. That if any Lighterman or Waterman, or his Apprentice ~~or Servant~~, or the Apprentice ~~or Servant~~ of any Lighterman or Waterman's Widow, shall wilfully let loose or cast off the fast of any lighter, or other craft, so as the said lighter or craft shall drive from the place the owner or his or her servant or apprentice had fastened her to, every person so

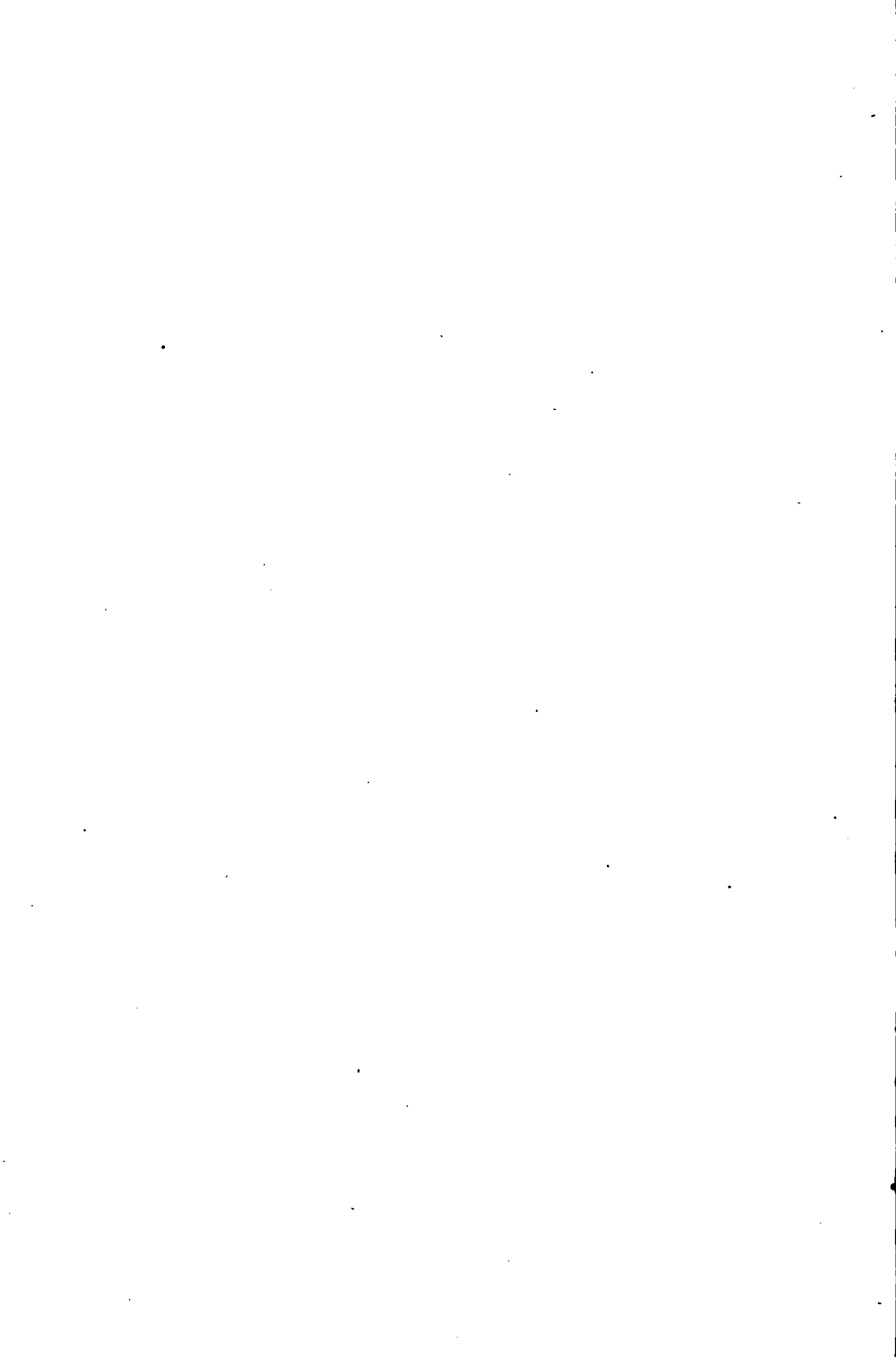
or Waterman
2
or Waterman
 offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than ten shillings. And if any lighterman, or his apprentice or servant, or the apprentice or servant of any lighterman's widow, shall take or use any person's skiff, boat, or sculls, headfast, or lighter, or other craft, or their oars, or other like instruments or conveniences, without leave first had and obtained of the owner thereof, or his known servant or agent, every person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offence, any sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than five shillings.

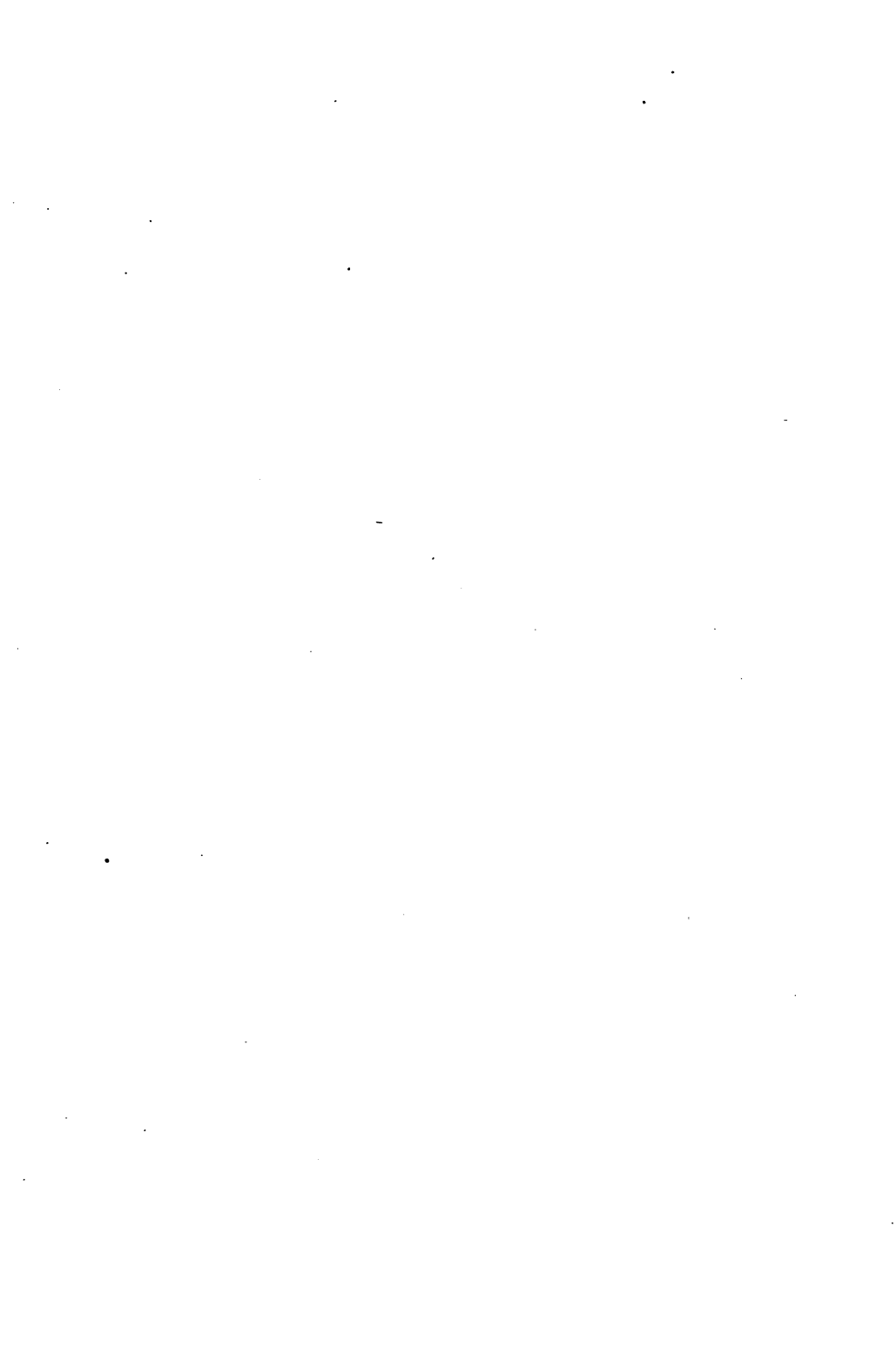
No Lighterman to take an unregistered Person to be a Partner.

34
John Thompson
to Waterman
rules
 LXI. That no person free of the Company of Watermen, Wherry-men, and Lightermen, shall join in partnership, to trade in the owning or occupying of any barge, lighter, or other craft, used or to be used for carrying any goods or merchandize whatsoever, with any person not free of the said Company, on pain to forfeit and pay for every barge, lighter, or other craft, so used or to be used, a sum not exceeding fifty shillings nor less than ten shillings, ~~for every day the same shall be so occupied or used.~~

Against employing a Foreigner, or working or using unregistered Craft.

24
for
 LXII. That if any Lighterman or Waterman, or the apprentice or servant of any Waterman or Wherry-





as persons entitled for the purpose of being bound
apparent

man, or the apprentice or servant of any Waterman's or Wherryman's Widow, shall at any time or times hereafter, set at work to row, or permit or suffer to be set at work to row, or in any manner navigate upon the said River Thames, between Windsor and Gravesend, any person not free of the Waterman's Company, or entitled by law to work upon the said river, as a waterman, wherryman, or lighterman, (apprentices regularly bound only excepted) or shall load in, row, or in any manner navigate on the River Thames, between Windsor and Gravesend, any boat, lighter, or other craft, owned by or belonging to any unregistered person; every person so offending shall forfeit and pay for every such offence any sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than ten shillings.

Lightermen as high as Tower Dock to put under way.

35
 LXIII. That if any Waterman or Lighterman, or ~~their servants or apprentices, or servants or apprentices~~ of any waterman or lighterman's widow respectively working in, and bringing up any barge, lighter, or other craft, (except small boats and wherrys used for carrying passengers only) on the flood tide, and being therein as high as Tower Dock, shall not put their said barges, lighters, or other craft, under weigh, ~~and in~~ in their proper ranks singly and in succession, or shall strive to navigate through London Bridge one before another, or shall go under sail above Tower Dock below, except Gravesend or Fish Boats, or below Queenhithe above the said Bridge, all which is of dangerous

consequence to the goods and the lives of the persons on board, he or they shall forfeit and pay for every such offence any sum not exceeding three pounds, nor less than twenty shillings.

Lighters stopping in the Bridge, notice thereof to be given.

36

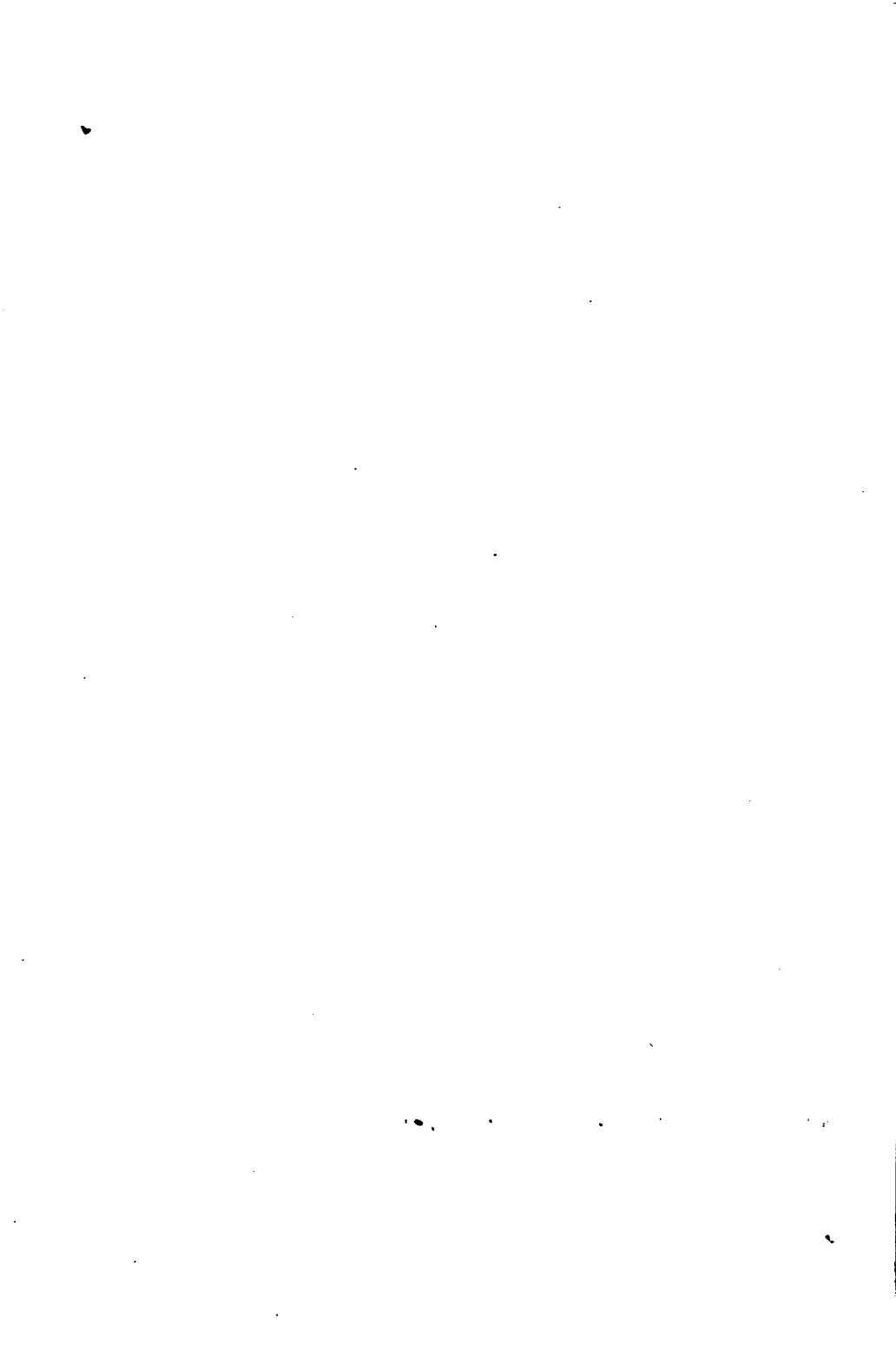
LXIV. That if it shall happen that any barge, lighter, or other craft shall stop in or under London Bridge, the person or persons working the same, shall with all possible speed send a man in a boat, to give notice to all such persons as are working any craft between the said Bridge and Saint Catherine's Dock, on the flood tide, and between the said Bridge and Queenhithe on the ebb tide, to the end they may timely secure the same; and if it happen in the night time, that any barge, lighter, or craft shall be so stopt in or under the said Bridge, besides the notice to be given as aforesaid, there shall also, with all convenient speed, be set up a light in a conspicuous part of the said vessel so stopt, as a sign or token of the lock of the Bridge being stopped, that others may avoid the danger; and every Owner, their Servants, or Apprentices on board such barge, lighter, or craft, neglecting to do as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay for every such neglect a sum of money not exceeding ~~forty~~^{thirty} shillings, nor less than ten shillings. 25.

37

the let to go for the Light
Not to navigate more than one Lighter, &c. at one and the same time, between Vauxhall Bridge and Blackwall Stairs.

20

LXV. That if any Lighterman or Lightermen,



~~or his or their Servant or Servants, Apprentice or~~
~~Apprentices, or the Servant or Servants, Apprentice~~
 or Apprentices, of a Lighterman's Widow, shall row,
 or navigate between Vauxhall Bridge and Black-
 wall Stairs more than one lighter, or flat boat,
 or other like craft at one and the same time, he
 or they so offending, shall forfeit and pay for each
 and every such lighter, or flat boat, or other like
 craft made fast to each other, while under way,
 any sum not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less
 than ten shillings: and if any person working in
 any lighter, or other craft, for want of care or
 skill to work his lighter, or other craft, shall
 stop in London Bridge, every such Lighterman, or
 person so working, shall for every such offence,
 forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding twenty
 shillings, nor less than ten shillings, over and
 above making full satisfaction to every person
 injured thereby, and if any controversy shall happen
~~to arise thereupon, the Rulers for the time being~~
~~shall hear and endeavour to determine the same.~~

Net to tow more Timber fastened to each other, while under
 way, that shall exceed twenty feet in width, and sixty feet in
 length.

39 LXVI. That no Waterman or Lighterman,
~~or the Apprentice or Servant of any Waterman or~~
~~Lighterman, or of any Waterman or Lighterman's~~
 Widow, shall navigate, row, or tow between
 Limehouse Hole and Vauxhall Bridge, more
 timber in one and more floats which shall either

singly or together be more than sixty feet in length, except timber in one length, and twenty feet in width, on pain of forfeiting and paying for every such offence, a sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than twenty shillings : and that all Watermen and Lightermen, and Apprentices ~~and Servants of any Waterman or Lighterman,~~ navigating, rowing, or towing timber, or having the care of it while under way, shall keep the headmost part of the said timber at least ten yards distant or astern of any other timber or craft going in the same direction a head, on pain of forfeiting for every such offence, a like sum of money, not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than twenty shillings.

~~Non~~ attending Summons of Rulers.

LXVII. That if any Lighterman, Waterman, or Wherryman, or the Widow, Apprentice, or Servant, of any Lighterman, Waterman, or Wherryman, or the Apprentice or Servant of any Lighterman, Waterman, or Wherryman's Widow, who shall be summoned to attend before the Rulers of the Waterman's Company, shall either not attend, or shall not previous to the hour appointed for his or her attendance on such summons, acquaint the said Rulers with sufficient cause for such non-attendance, he or she so offending, shall for not attending on the first summons, forfeit and pay a sum of money not exceeding ten shillings, nor less than five shillings, and for the second and every other sub-

This is read by the ca.

sequent default respectively, a sum of money not exceeding twenty shillings, nor less than ten shillings.

Obstructing Officers in the execution of their Duty or making use of abusive Language.

40 LXVIII. That if any Waterman, Wherryman, or Lighterman, or ²the Apprentice or ~~Servant of any Waterman, Wherryman, or Lighterman, or the Apprentice or Servant of any Waterman, Wherryman, or Lighterman's Widow,~~ shall obstruct, assault, or oppose any Officer or Officers of the Waterman's Company, in the execution of his or their duty, or otherwise acting in discharge of his or their respective offices, or shall make use of abusive language to, or menace, or threaten any person or persons coming to, attending on, or coming to execute the orders of any Magistrate, or of the Rulers of the Waterman's Company before whom any complaint shall have been exhibited, every person so offending, shall forfeit and pay for every such offence any sum not exceeding forty shillings, nor less than ten shillings.

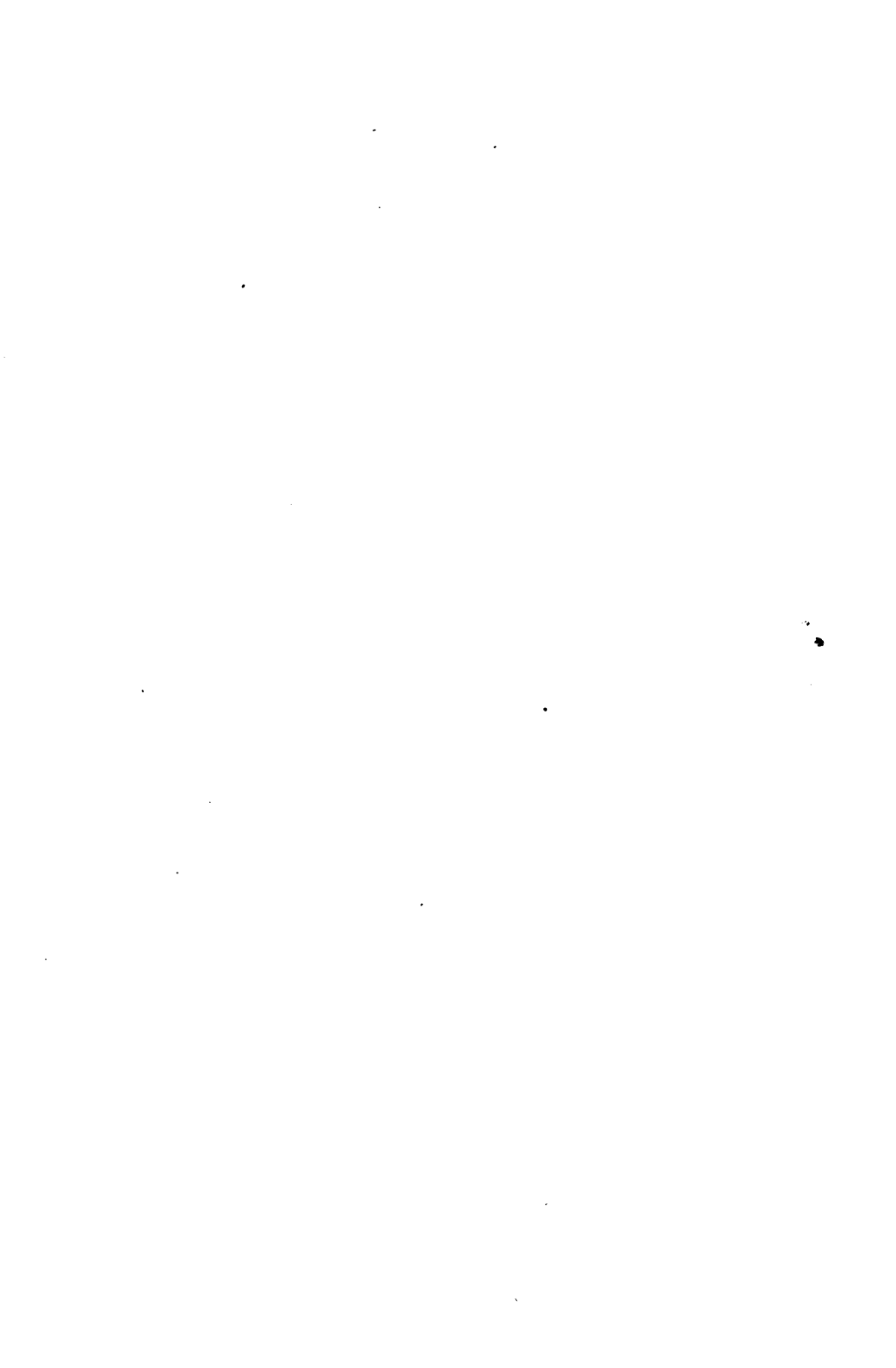
Application of Penalties and Forfeitures.

41 LXIX. That all Penalties and Forfeitures, which shall be levied or recovered and received in pursuance, and by virtue of the Act of the thirty fourth year of the reign of His late Majesty King George the Third, intituled "An Act for better regulating and governing the Watermen and

*If this is found
by the act
of Parliament
then and
not to be amended*

“ Lightermen upon the river of Thames, between
 “ Gravesend and Windsor,” or the several Rules,
 Orders, and Constitutions made, or to be made, in
 pursuance thereof, shall be paid to the Rulers and
 Overseers of the said Company, or the major part
 of them for the time being, within one calendar
 month after the same shall be levied, and shall be
 by them paid and distributed to the poor, aged, and
 decayed freemen of the said Company, and their
 widows, saving only that it shall be lawful for the
 said Mayor, Recorder, and Aldermen of the said
 City of London, or the Justices of the Peace of the
 respective Counties next adjoining to the said
 river Thames, between Gravesend and Windsor
 aforesaid respectively, before whom any offender or
 offenders shall be convicted, out of the said forfei-
 tures and penalties to reward any person or persons
 who shall inform of any offence or offences against
 the said Act, or the several Rules, Orders, and
 Constitutions made or to be made in pursuance
 thereof, according to the discretion of such Mayor,
 Recorder, Aldermen, or Justices respectively, so as
 such rewards exceed not one moiety or half part of
 the respective penalties or forfeitures.

Original 16 24/10/18



1. The first of these is the *Deeds of*
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is added to the first

A TABLE OF RATES

PROPOSED TO BE MADE BY THE

Rulers, &c. of the Waterman's Company

From London Bridge Westward as far as Windsor.

	Sculls.		Oars.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.
To Southwark Bridge	0	3	0	6
To Blackfriars Bridge	0	6	1	0
To Waterloo Bridge.....	0	9	1	6
To Westminster Bridge	1	0	2	0
To Lambeth Palace	1	3	2	6
To Vauxhall Bridge.....	1	6	3	0
To the Red House	1	9	3	6
To Chelsea Bridge	2	0	4	0
To Battersea.....	2	3	4	6
To Wandsworth	2	6	5	0
To Putney	3	0	6	0

To all the above places and opposite for the above fares; six persons a fare for oars, and four persons for a sculler. *and if not any sculler shall take 5 or 6 persons, a fare for oars shall be taken for each.*

Passage boats, eight passengers a fare for oars, and six passengers for a sculler.

FROM PUTNEY.

To Barn Elms	0	6	1	0
To Hammersmith lower Mall	1	3	2	6
To Chiswick.....	1	6	3	0
To Barnes or Mortlake.....	2	0	4	0
To Kew Bridge.....	2	6	5	0
To Brentford old Town	3	0	6	0
To Isleworth.....	3	6	7	0
To Richmond	4	6	9	0

*From London Bridge Westward as far as Windsor.***OARS FARES.**

	£	s.	d.
To Twickenham or Tide end Town	0	16	0
To Kingston	0	18	0
To Hampton Court or Hampton Town	1	0	0
To Sunbury or Walton.....	1	4	0
To Shepperton or Weybridge	1	6	0
To Chertsey or Laleham	1	8	0
To Staines.....	1	10	0
To Datchet	1	12	0
To Windsor	1	15	0

From London Bridge Eastward as far as Gravesend

	Sculls.		Oars.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.
To Alderman Parson's stairs and opposite	0	4	0	8
To Wapping new stairs and opposite	0	6	1	0
To Shadwell-dock and opposite	0	9	1	6
To Limehouse-hole stairs and opposite	1	0	2	0
To the first Mill	1	3	2	6
To the King's-arms, George's stairs & Red-house	1	6	3	0
To the lower watergate Deptford	1	9	3	0
To Greenwich	2	0	3	6
To Blackwall or the Orchard House	3	0	5	0

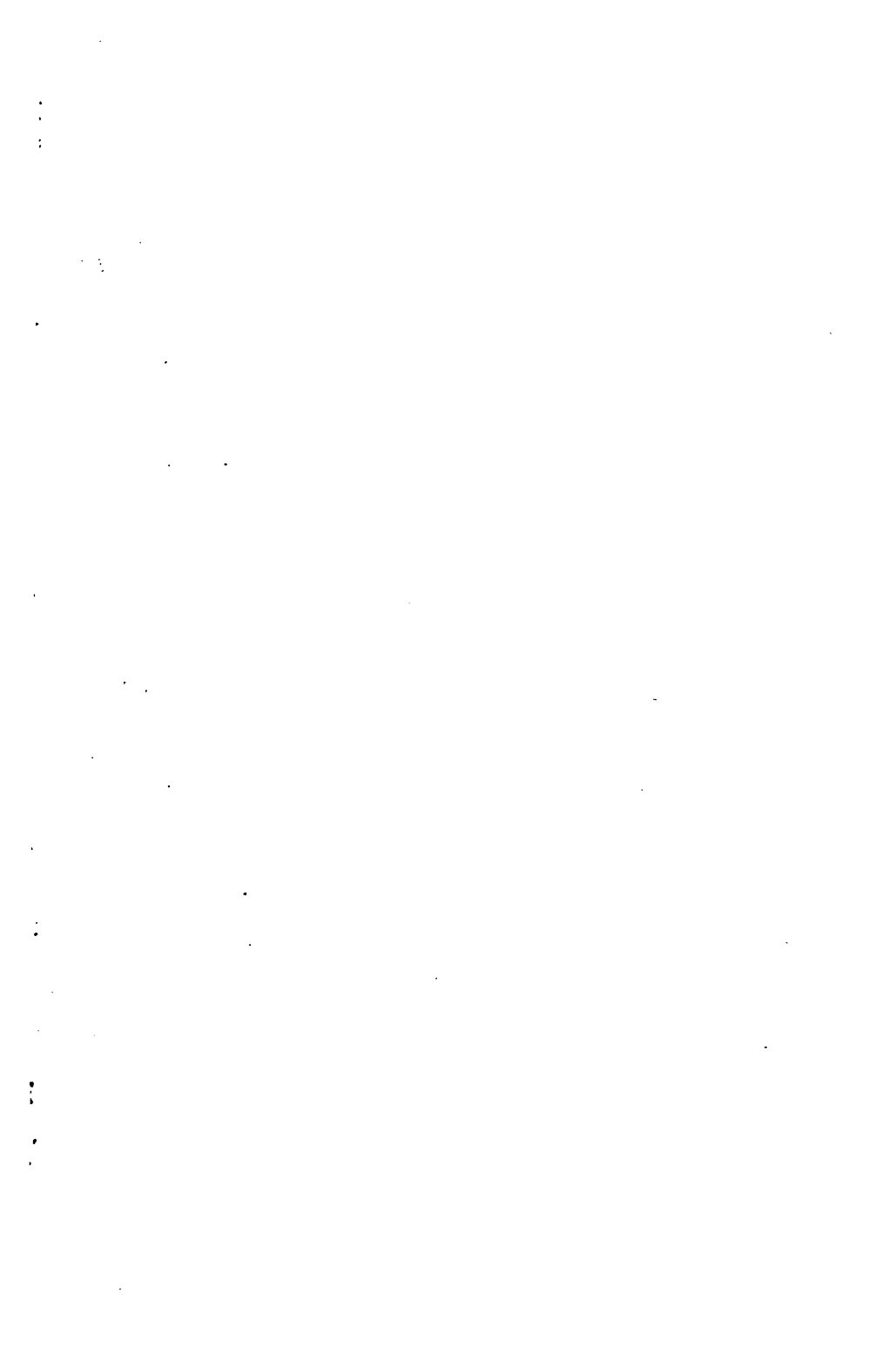
Oars' fare six persons, and sculler's fare four persons.

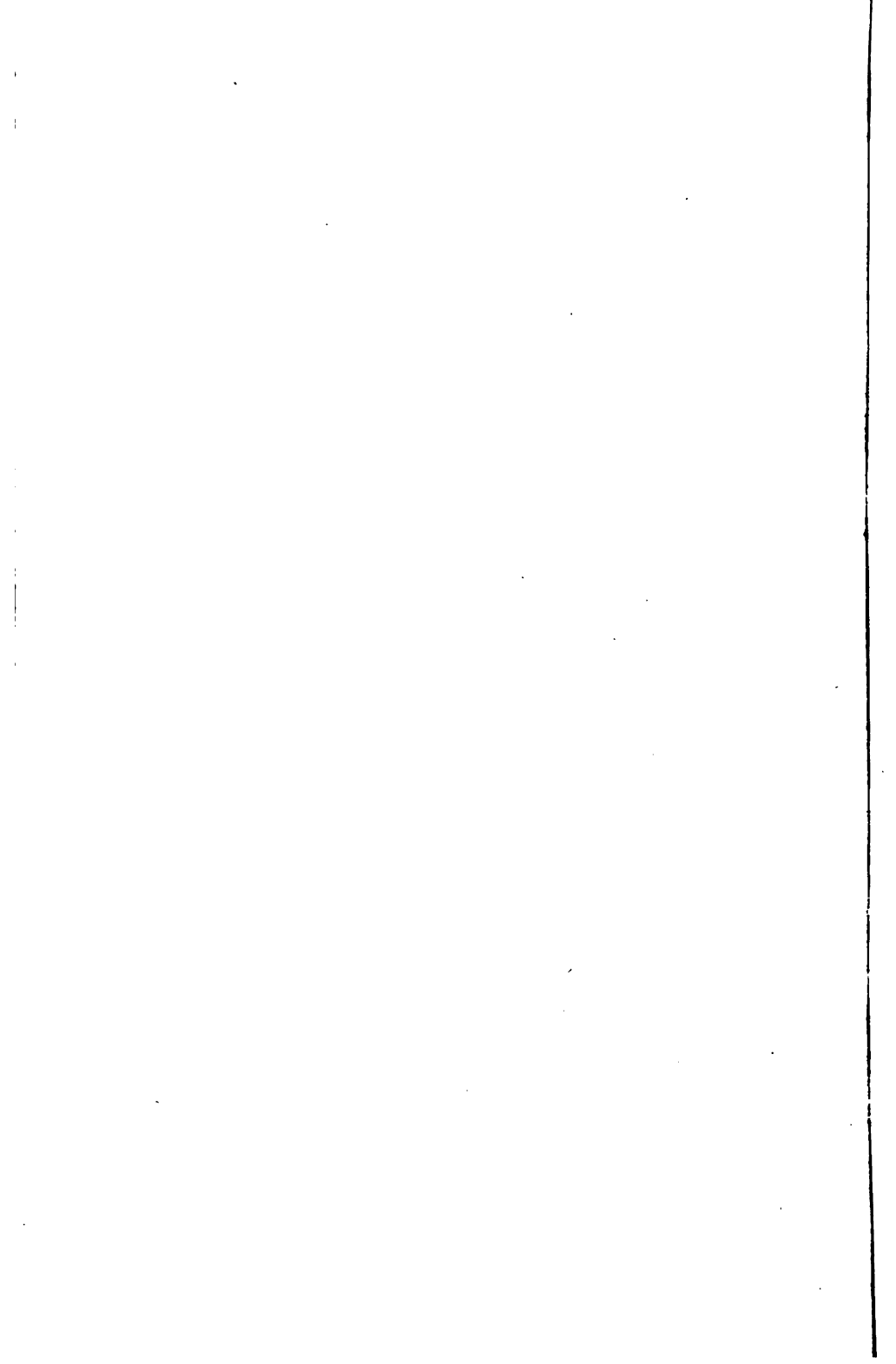
OARS FARES.

	s.	d.
To Woolwich.....	7	0
To Barking	8	6
To Erith	10	6
To Purfleet	12	6
To Greenhithe	15	6
To Grays	17	6
To Gravesend	20	0

At Gravesend to and from the passage boats, a single passenger sixpence, and for company three pence each.

Passage boats, eight passengers a fare for oars, and six passengers for sculls.





*Passage Boats from London Bridge on either side
above.*

	Each Passenger.	
	s.	d.
To Chelsea Bridge	0	4
To Wandsworth	0	6
To Putney, Fulham, or Barn Elms	0	8
To Hammersmith or Chiswick	0	9
To Barnes or Mortlake.....	1	0
To Brentford	1	3
To Isleworth.....	1	3
To Richmond	1	3
To Twickenham or Tide-end Town	1	6
To Kingston	1	6
To Hampton Court or Hampton Town	1	9-
To Sunbury or Walton on Thames.....	1	9
To Shepperton, Weybridge, Chertsey, or Laleham	2	0
To Staines.....	2	6
To Datchet or Windsor	3	0

*Passage Boats from London Bridge on either side
below.*

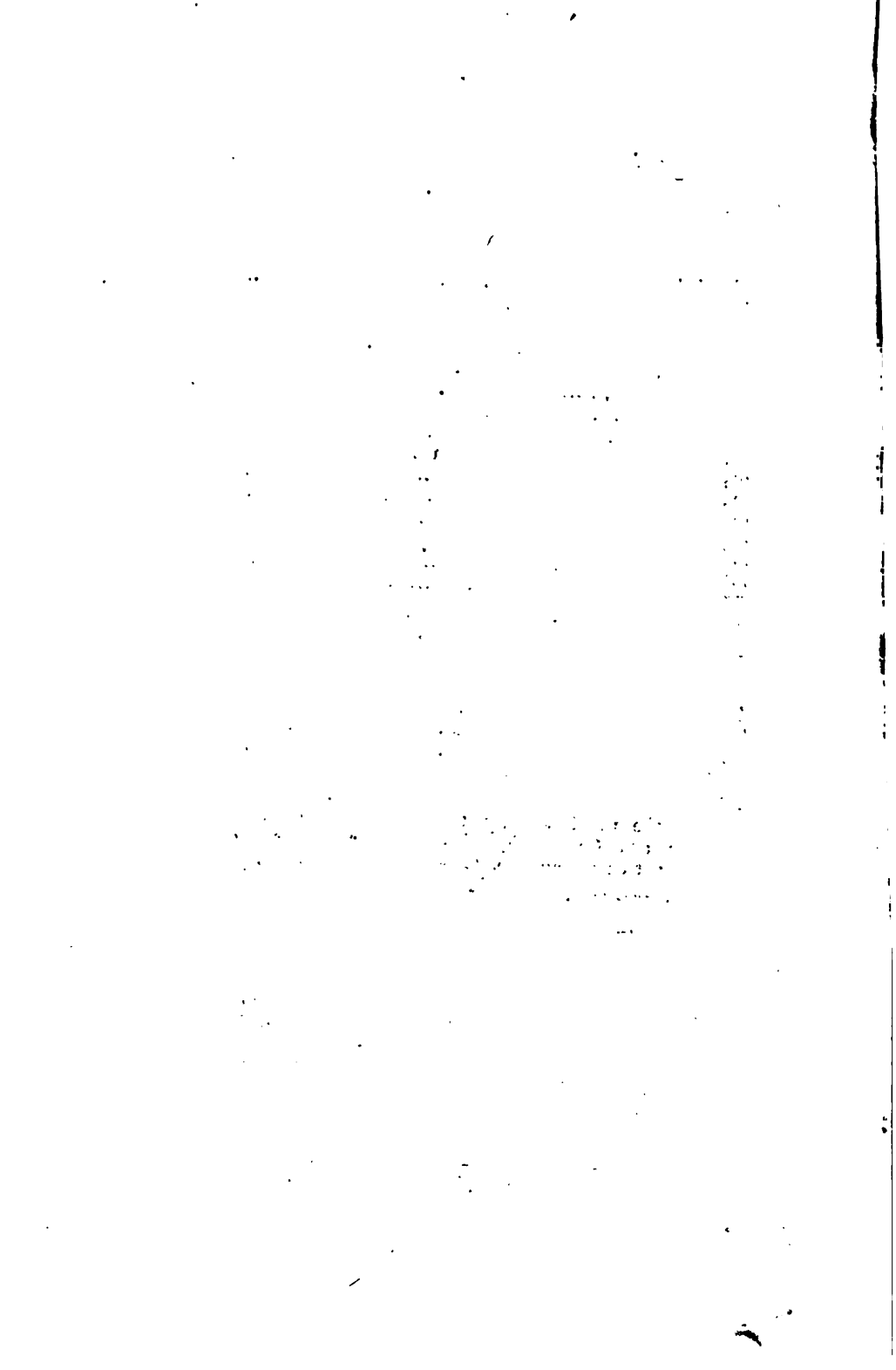
To Greenwich	0	6
To Blackwall.....	0	9
To Woolwich	1	0
To Gravesend	1	6

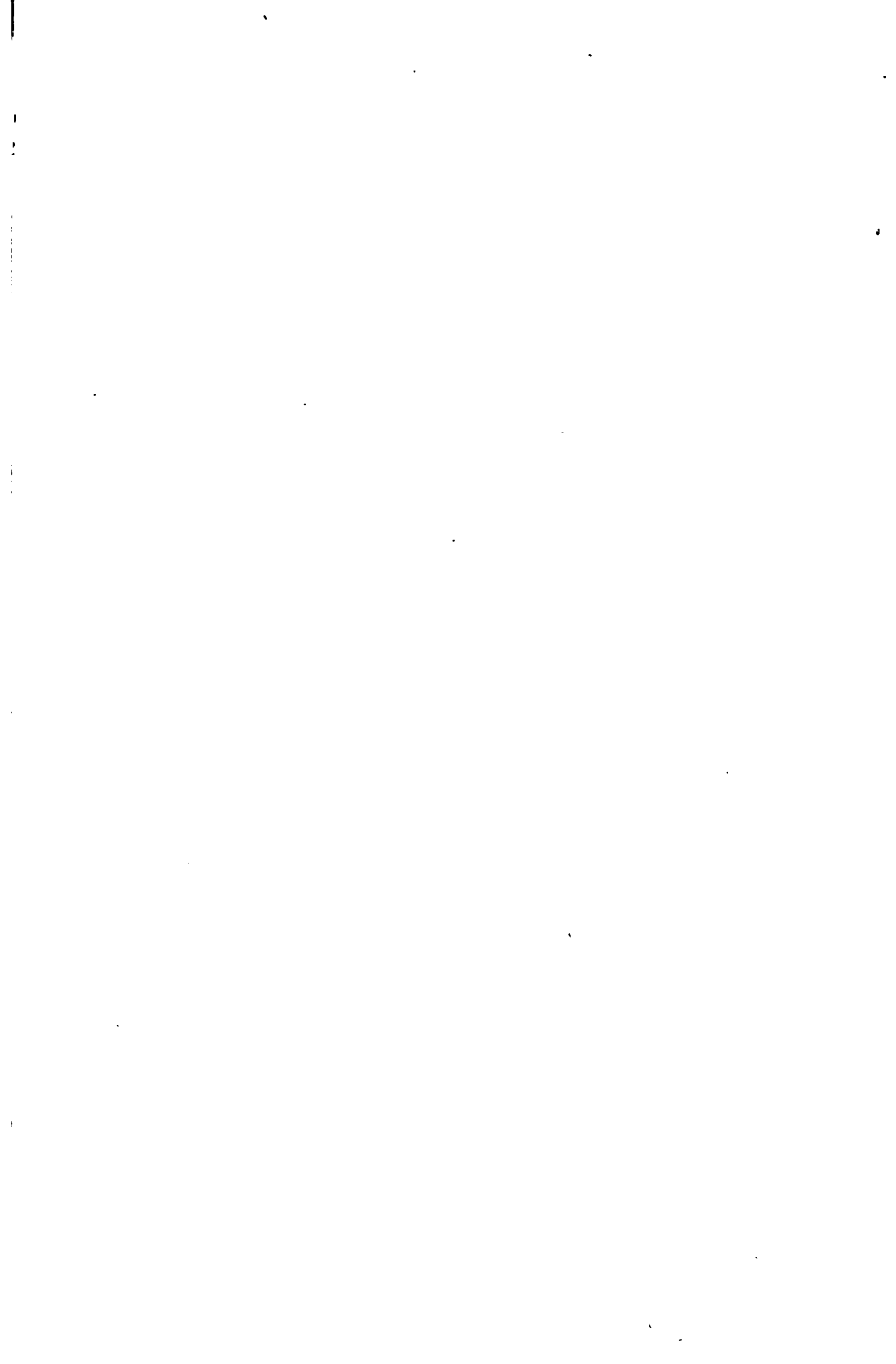
+ *See below*

Over the water directly to the opposite shore, between Windsor and Greenwich, with a sculler with one or more persons, not exceeding two, twopence; and for every person exceeding two, one penny each.

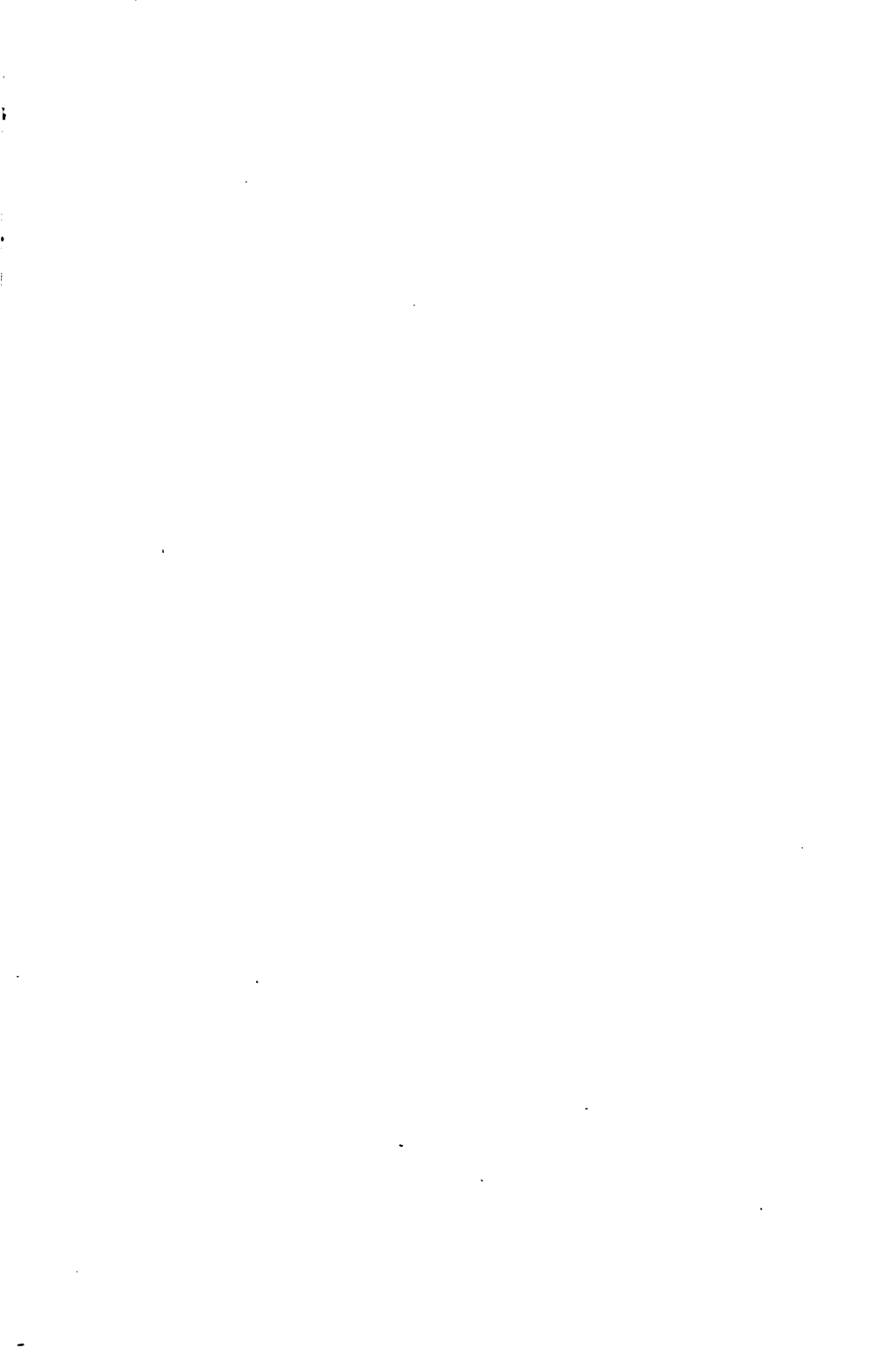
+ *At Gravesend to and from the passage boats
worked by steam or otherwise a single passage
6s. and for Company 3s. each*

*At Greenwich to and from the passage boats
worked by steam or otherwise a single passage
3s. for each person.*









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